

# Virtualizing Time, Space, and Power for Cyber-Physical Cloud Computing

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Andreas Rottmann, Ana Sokolova,  
Rainer Trummer

Joshua Love  
Raja Sengupta

Universität Salzburg



UC Berkeley



RED Workshop, Salzburg, Austria, April 2011



# The JAviator

[javiator.cs.uni-salzburg.at](http://javiator.cs.uni-salzburg.at)

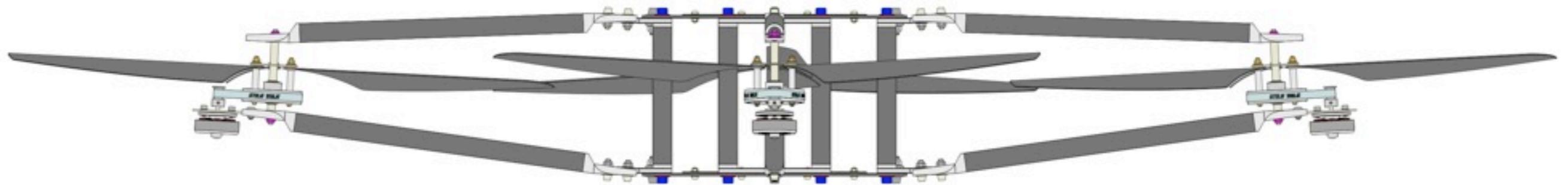
# Quad-Rotor Helicopter



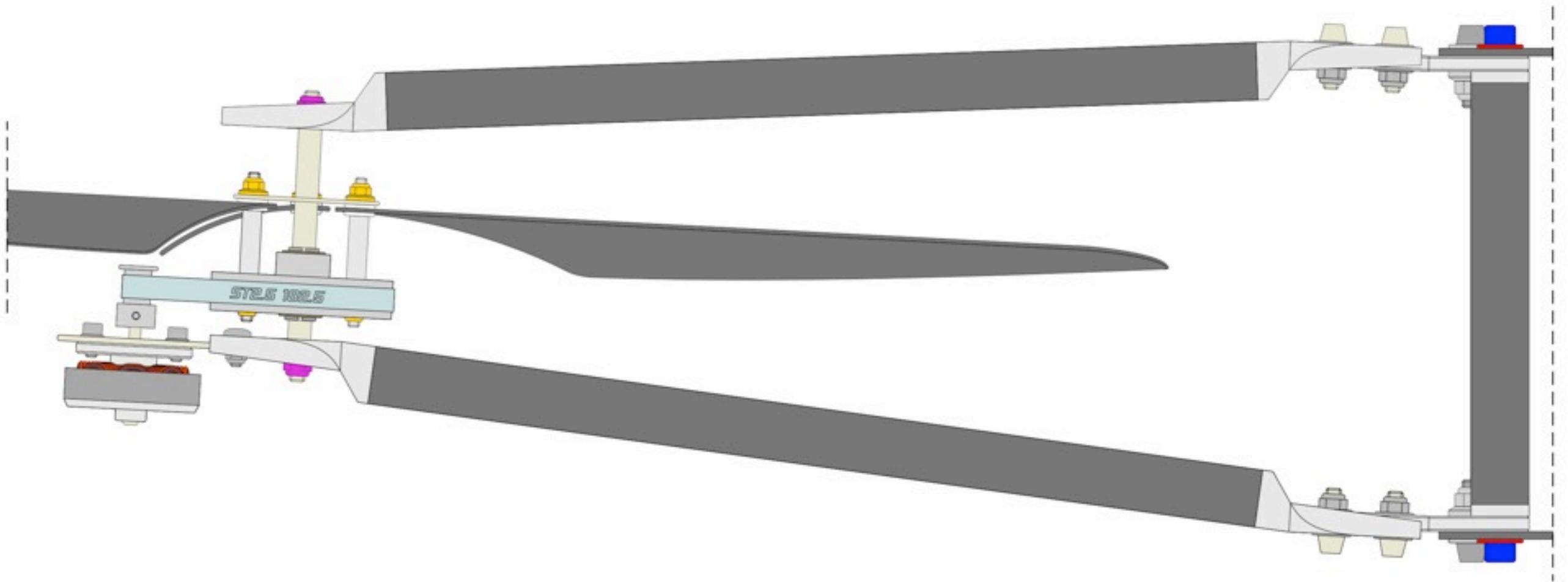
- all carbon, titanium, aluminum design
- custom motors
- 1.3m diameter
- ~2.2kg weight
- +2kg payload
- ~40min (empty)
- ~10min (full)

[AIAA GNC 2008]

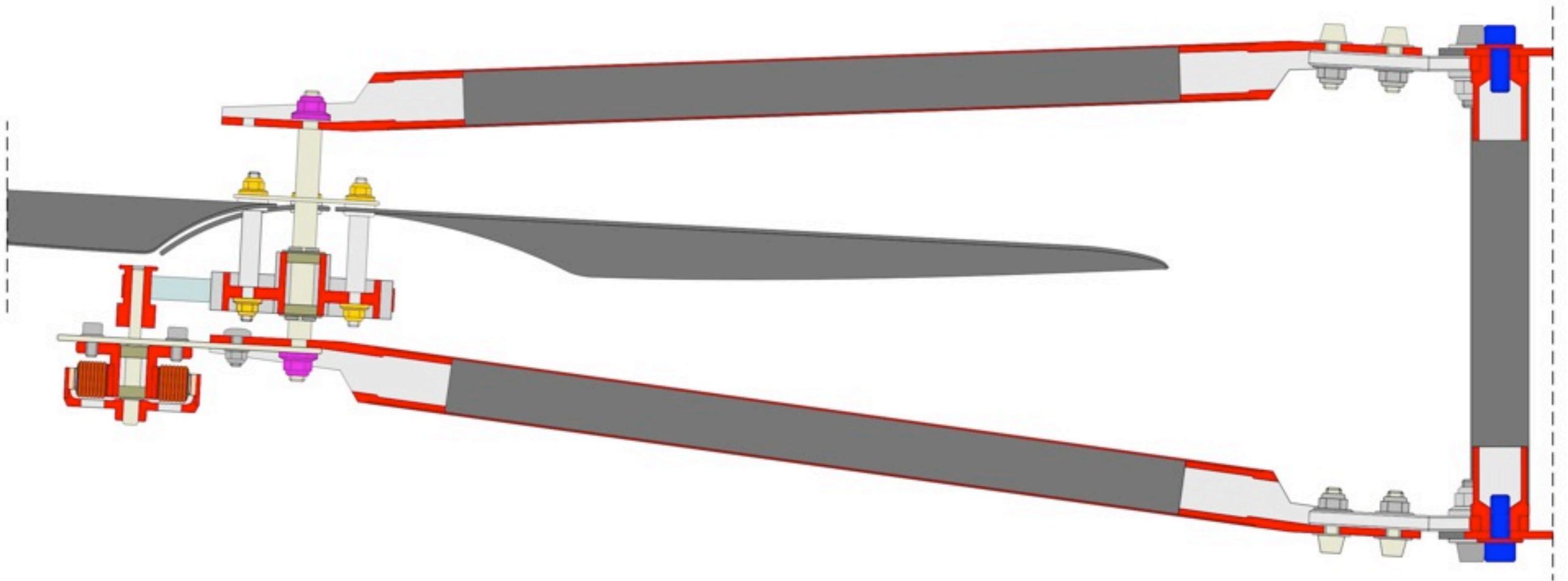
# Open Source Blueprints



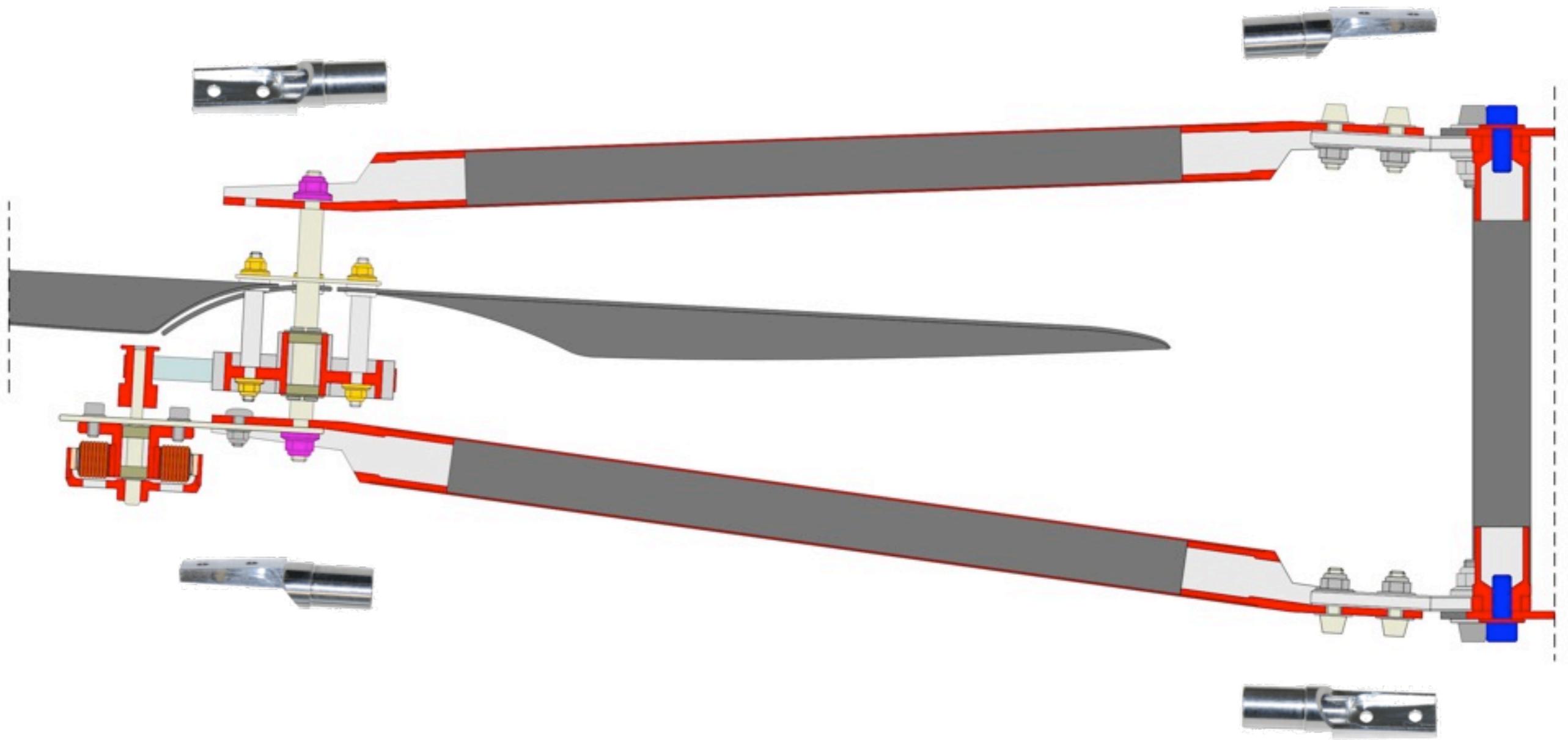
# Minimal # of Different Parts



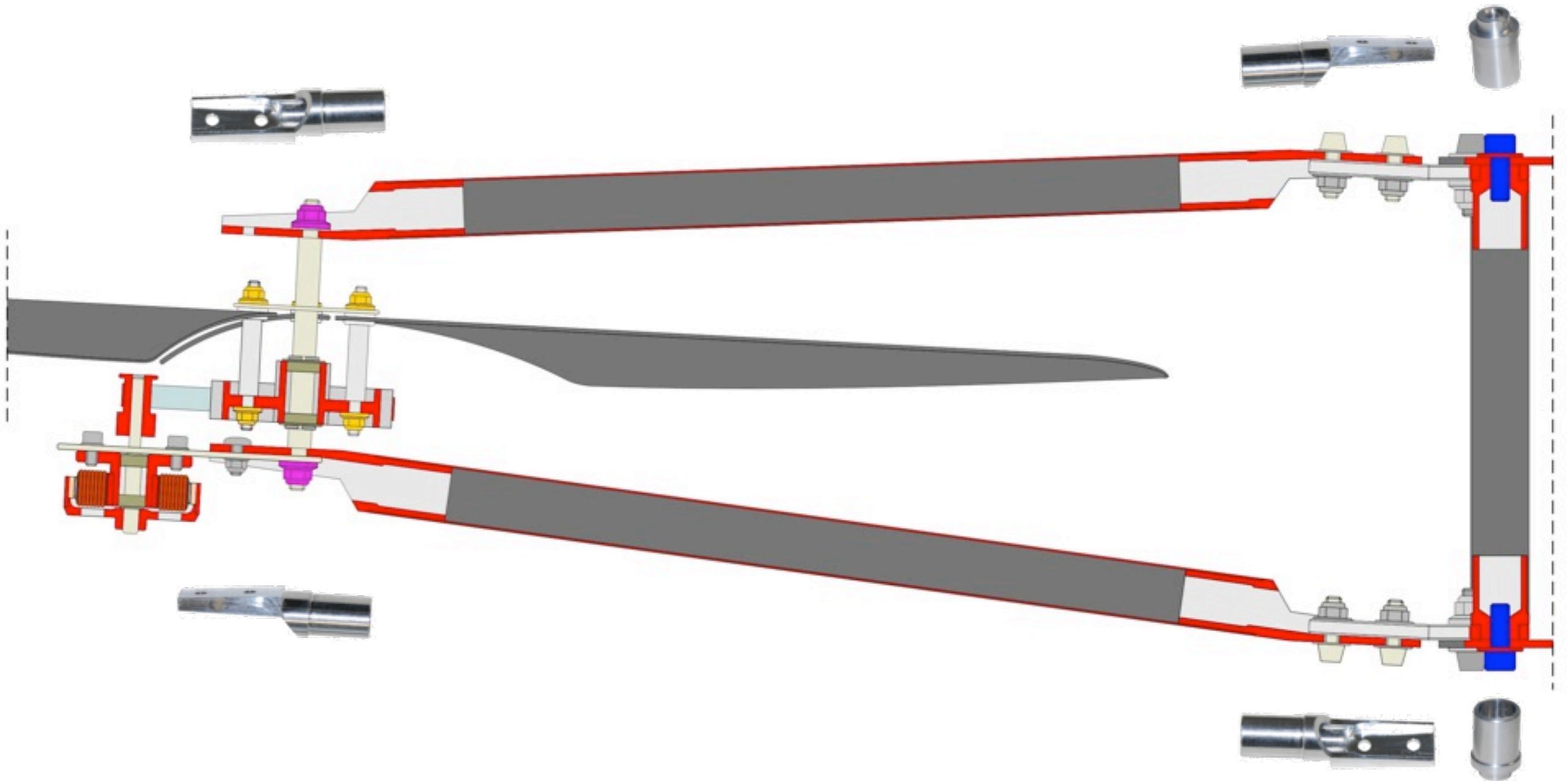
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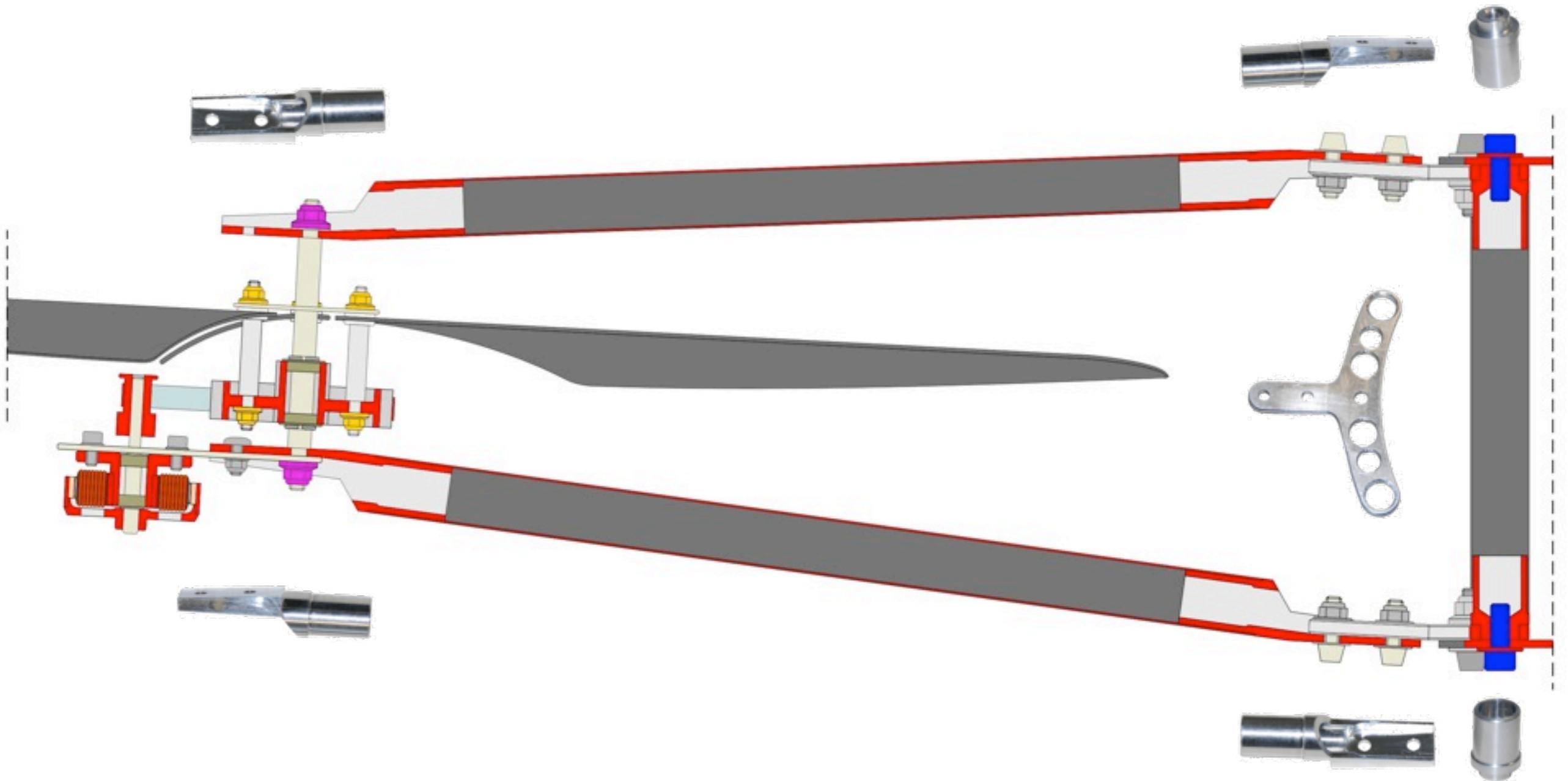
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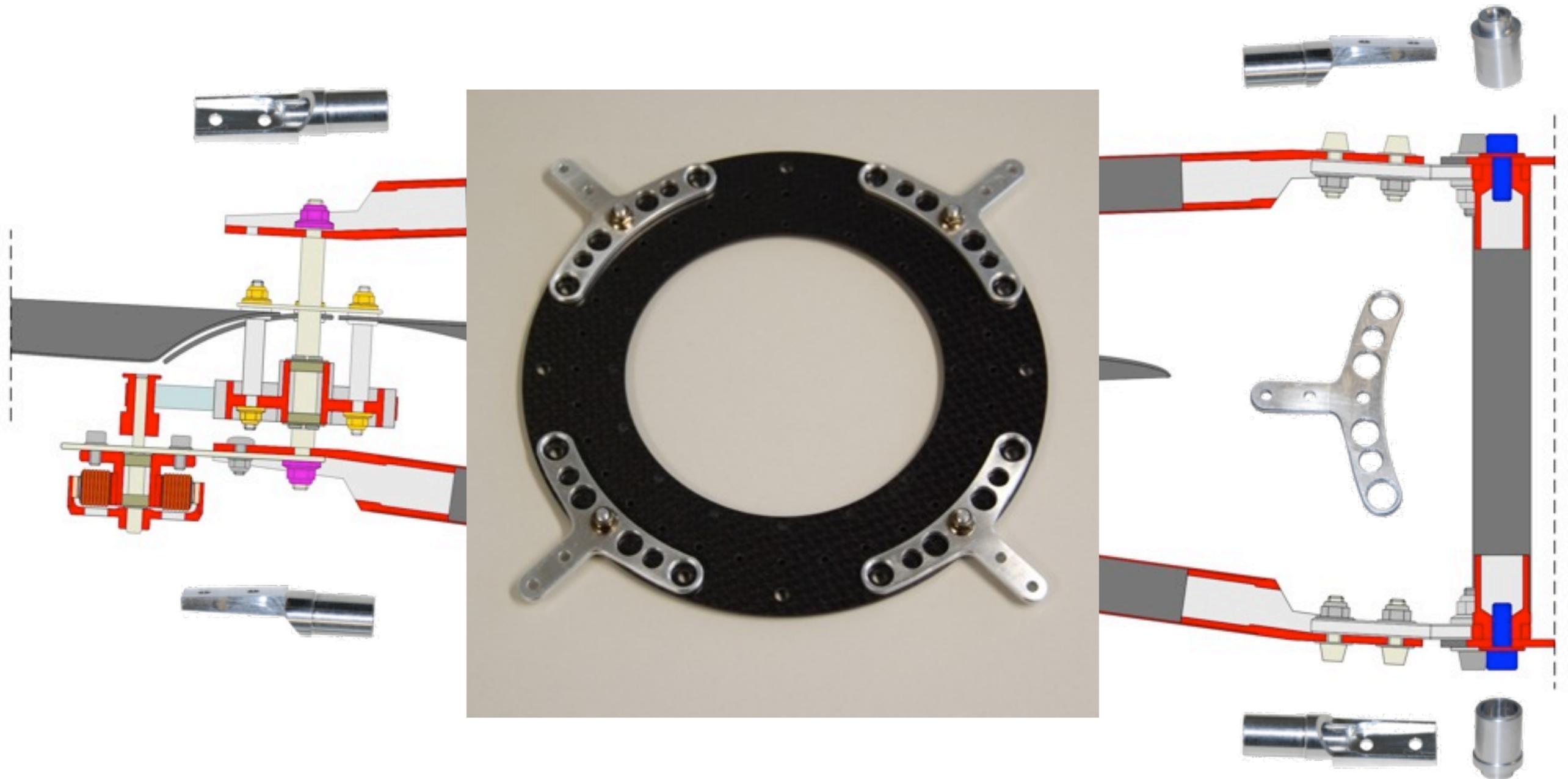
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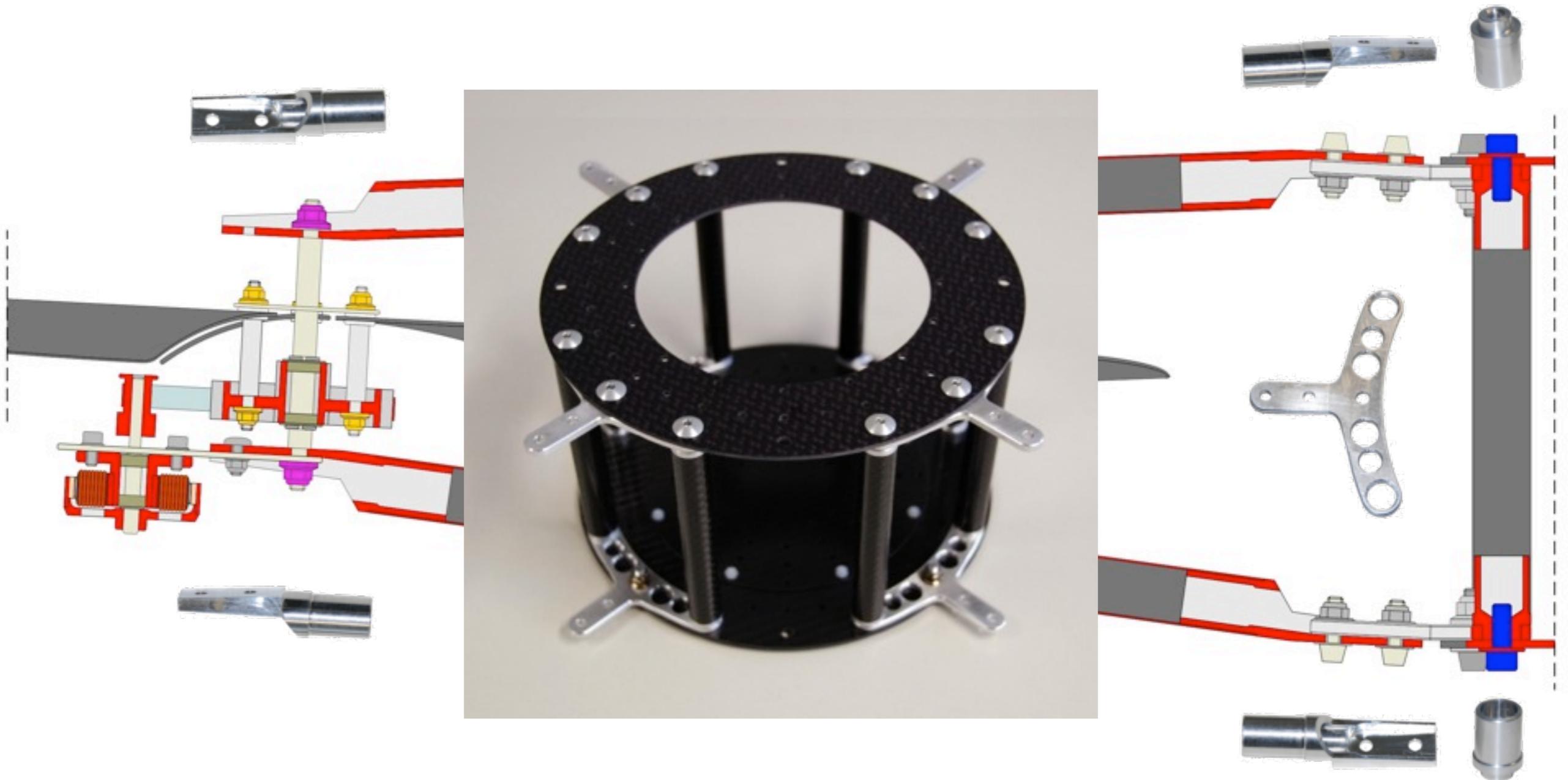
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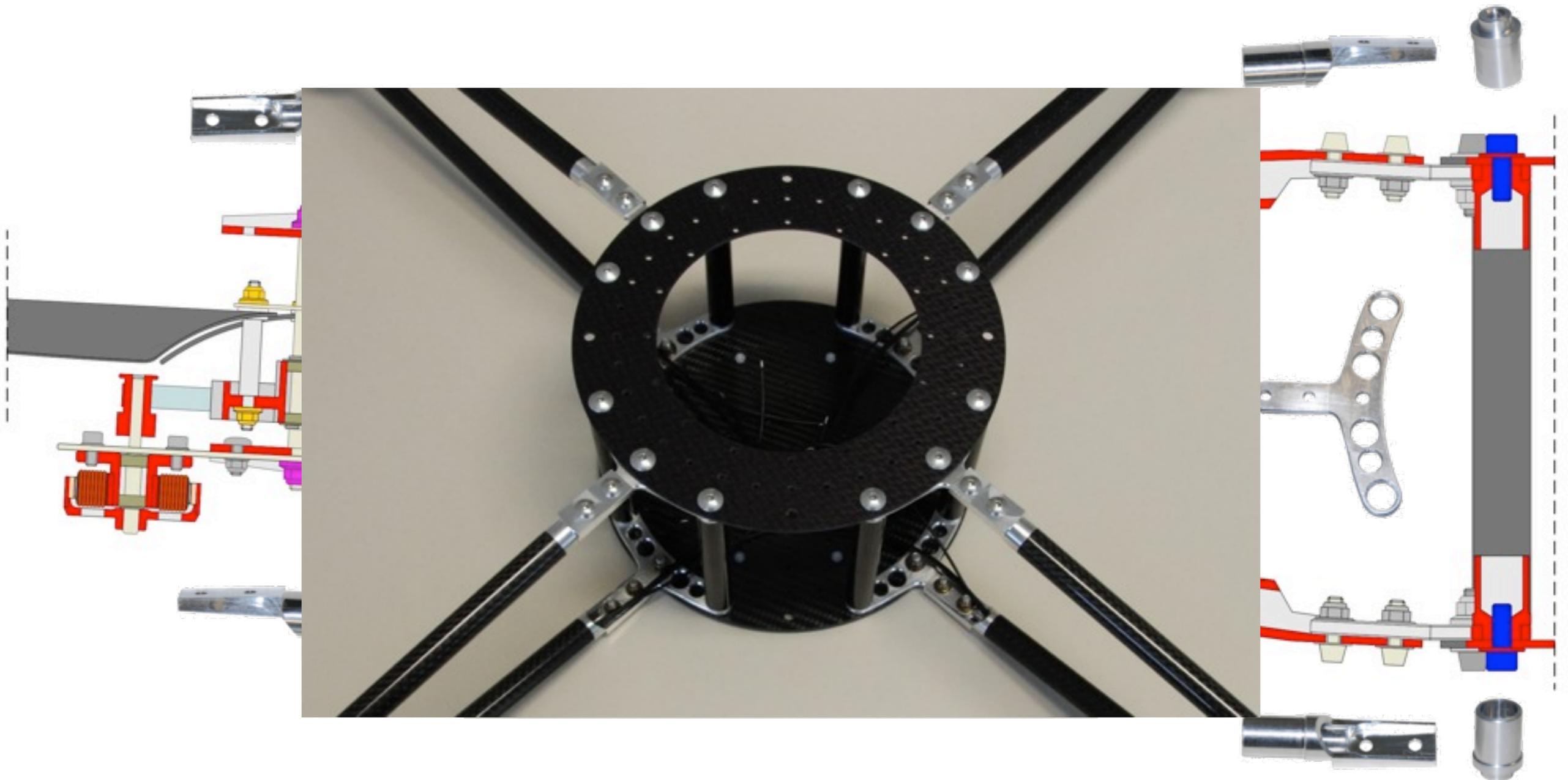
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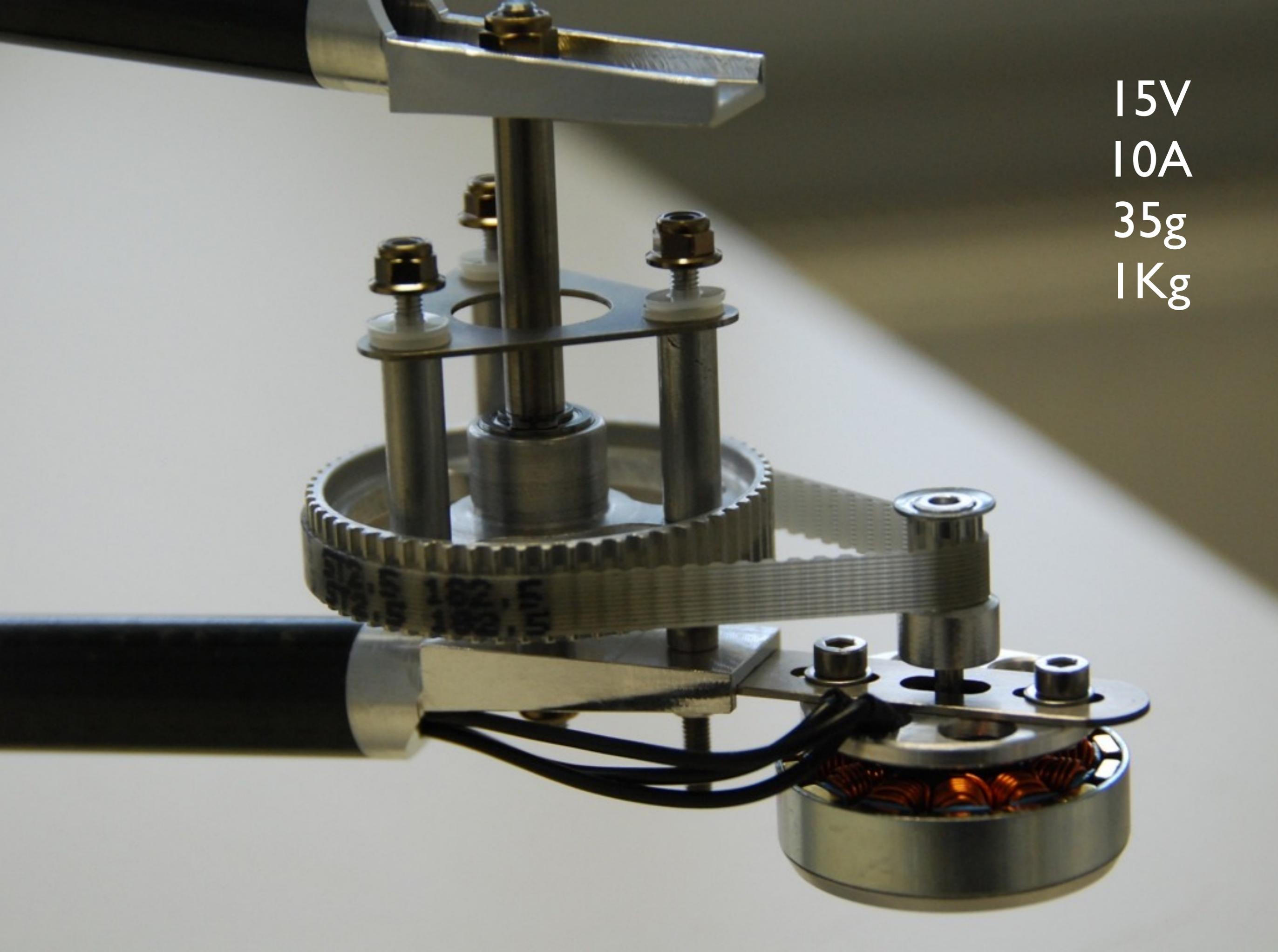
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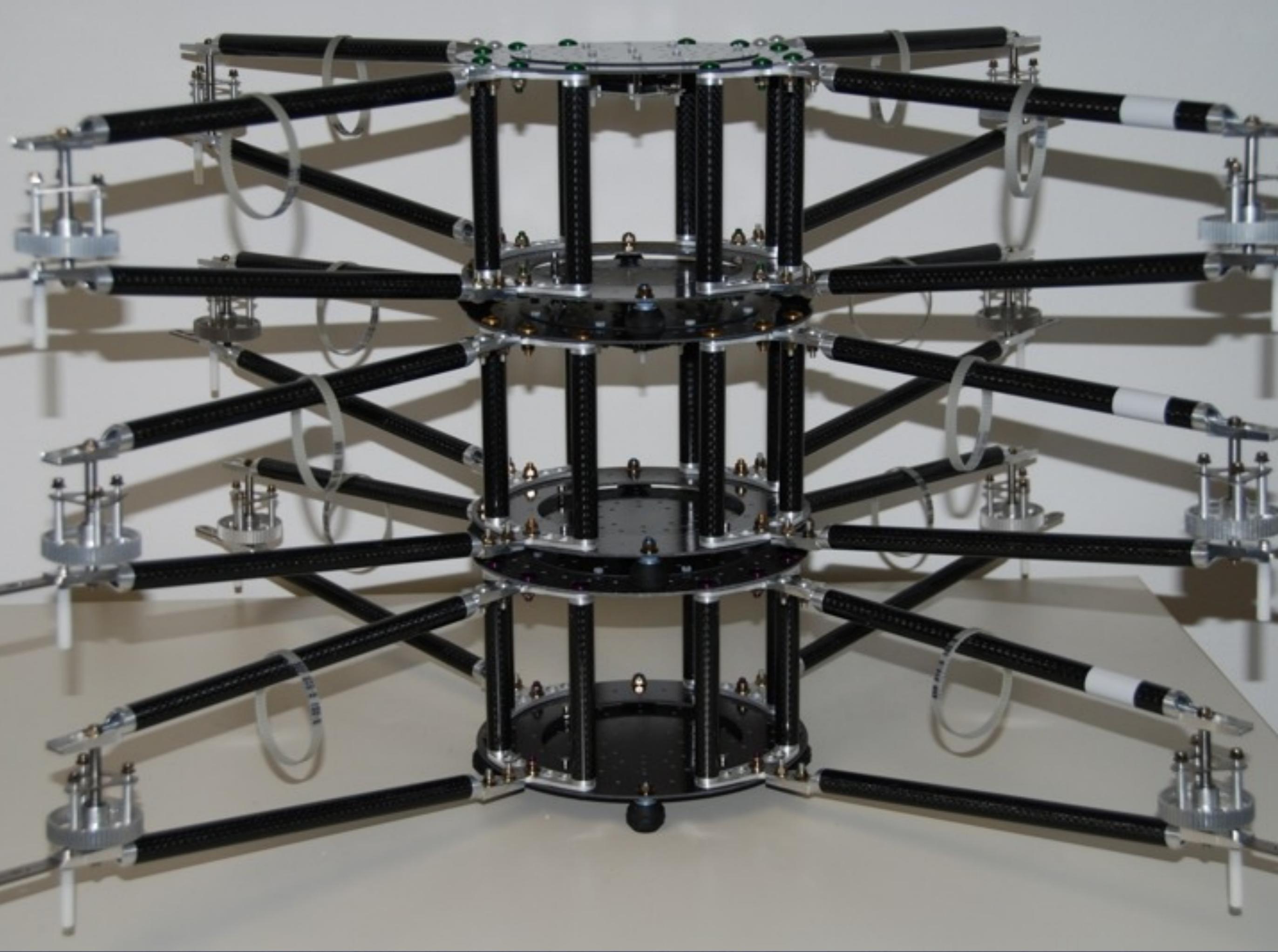


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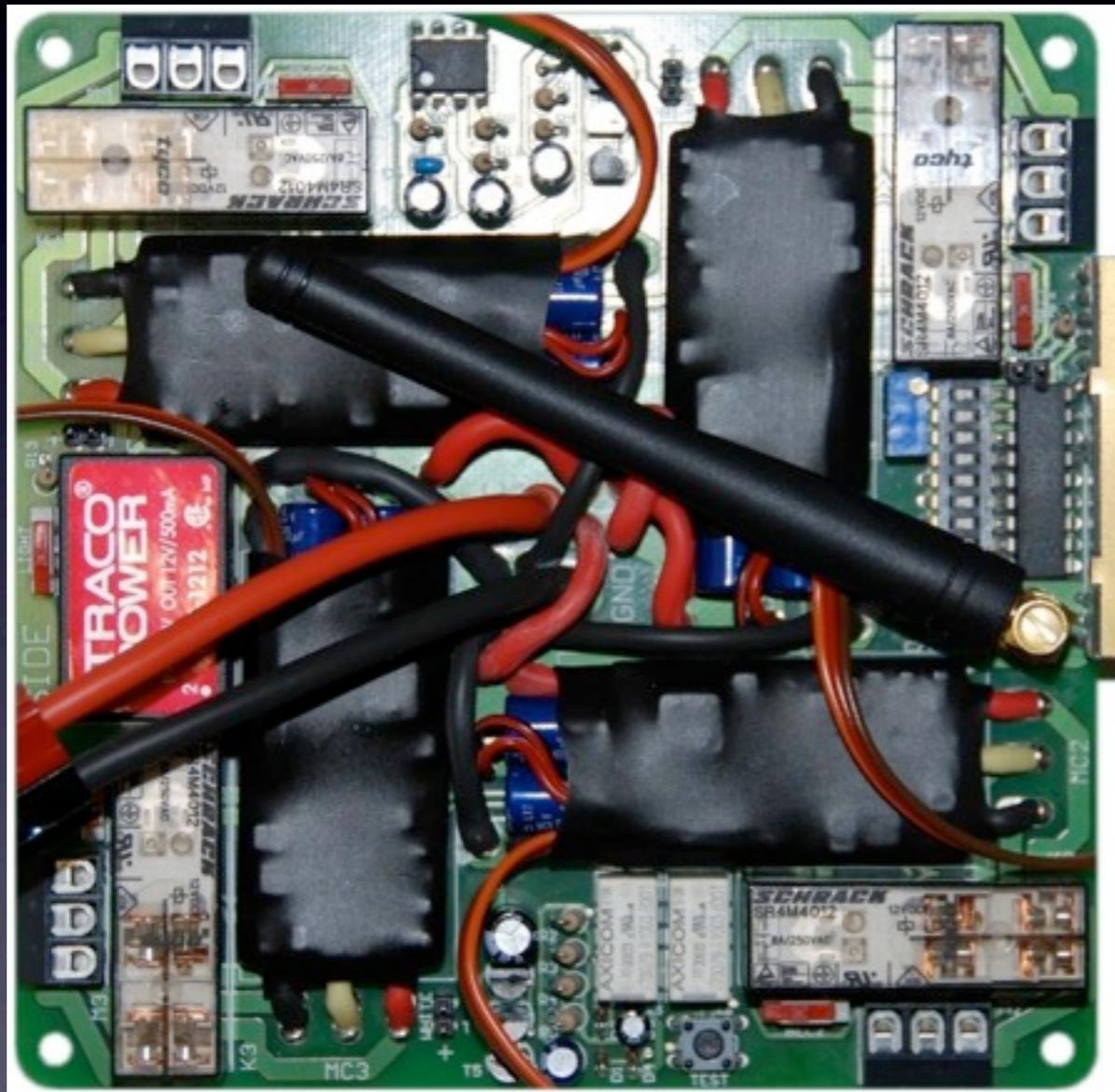


15V  
10A  
35g  
1Kg





# Custom Electronics

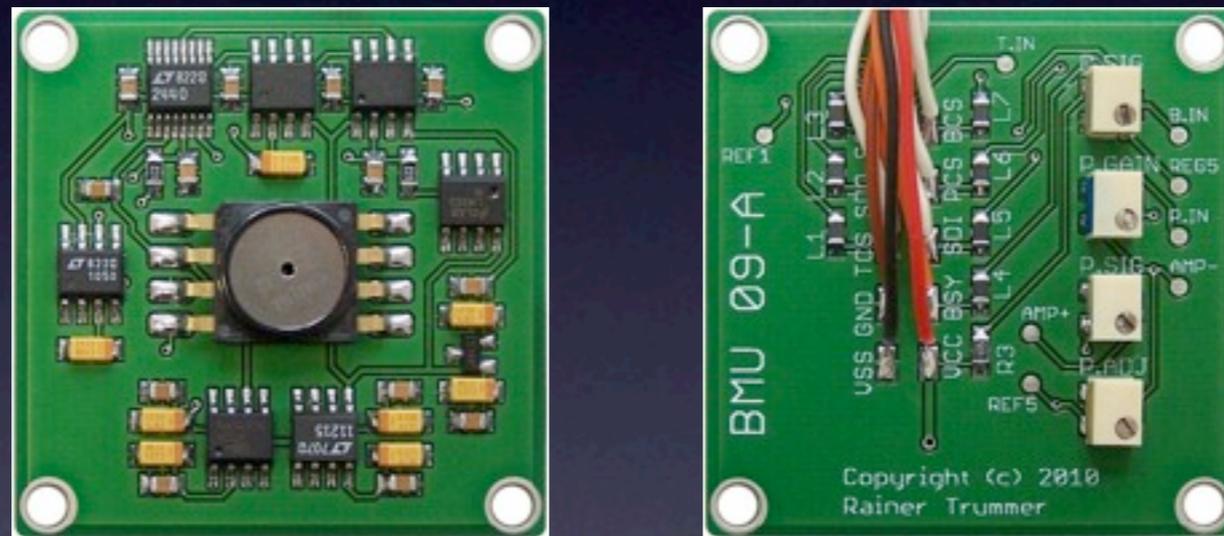


Power



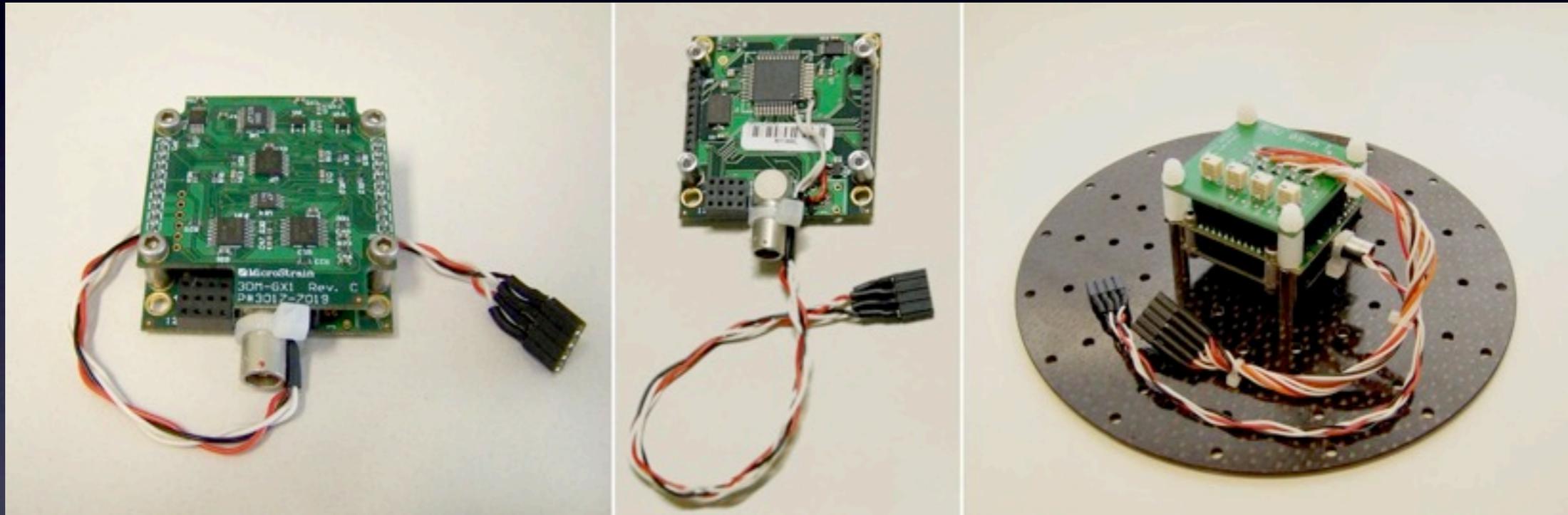
Remote

# Custom Electronics



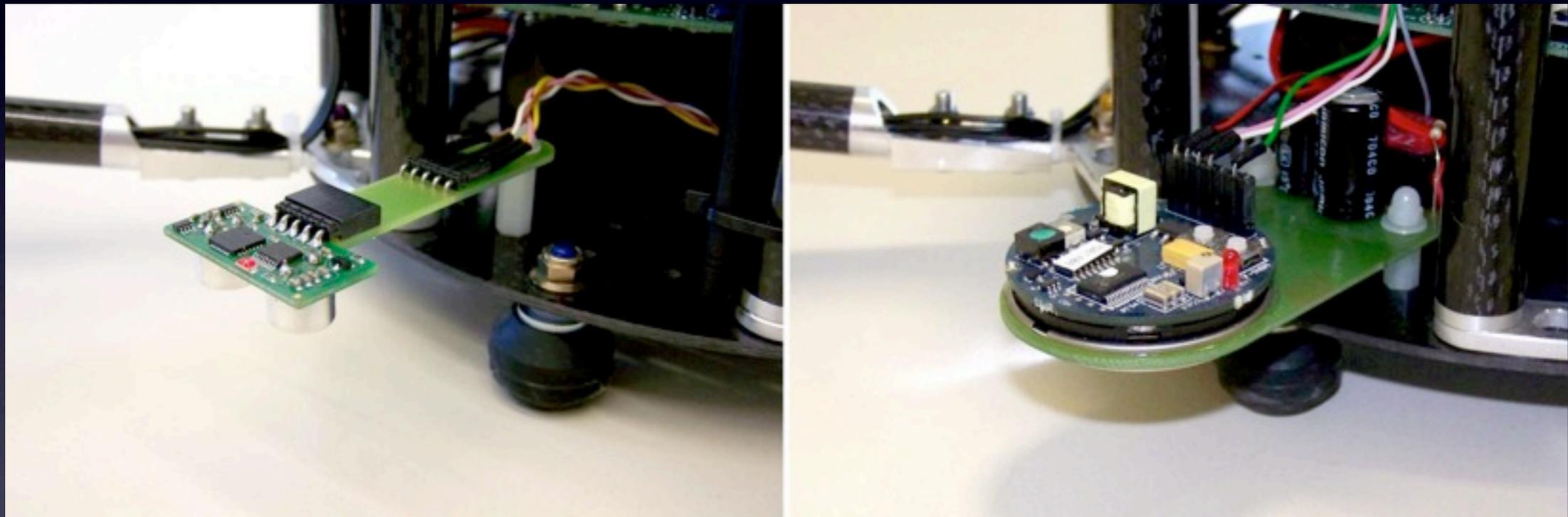
Barometer

# Off-the-Shelf Stuff



Gyro

# Off-the-Shelf Stuff



Ultrasonic

# Off-the-Shelf Stuff

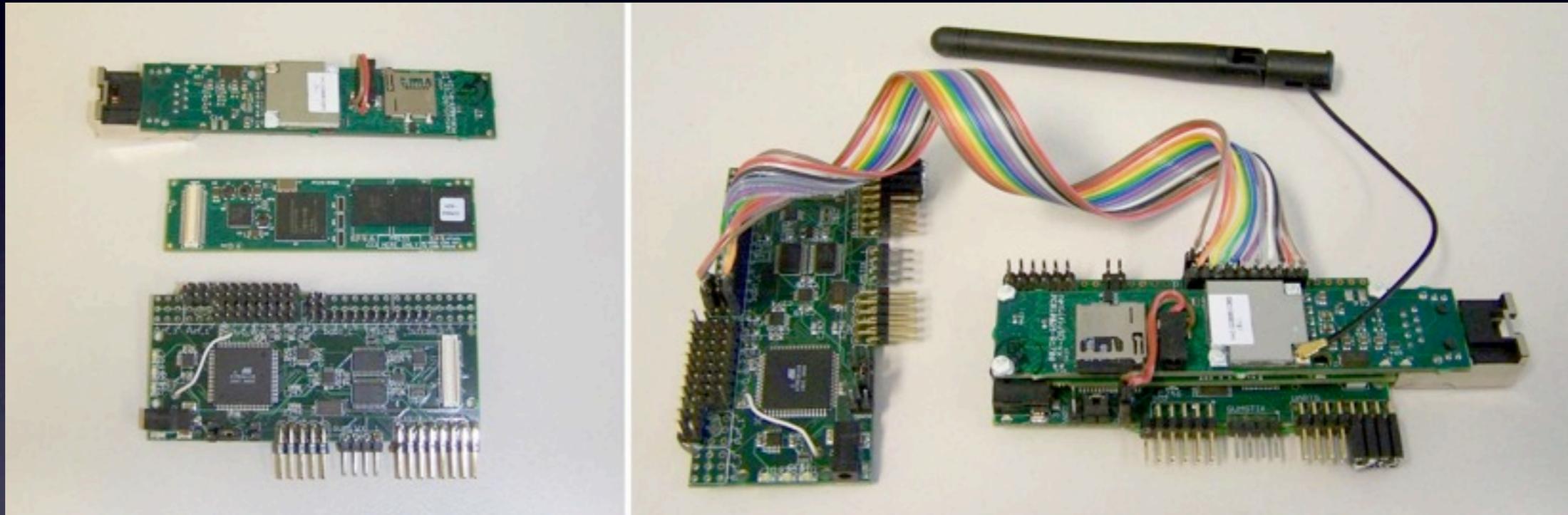


UWB RFID

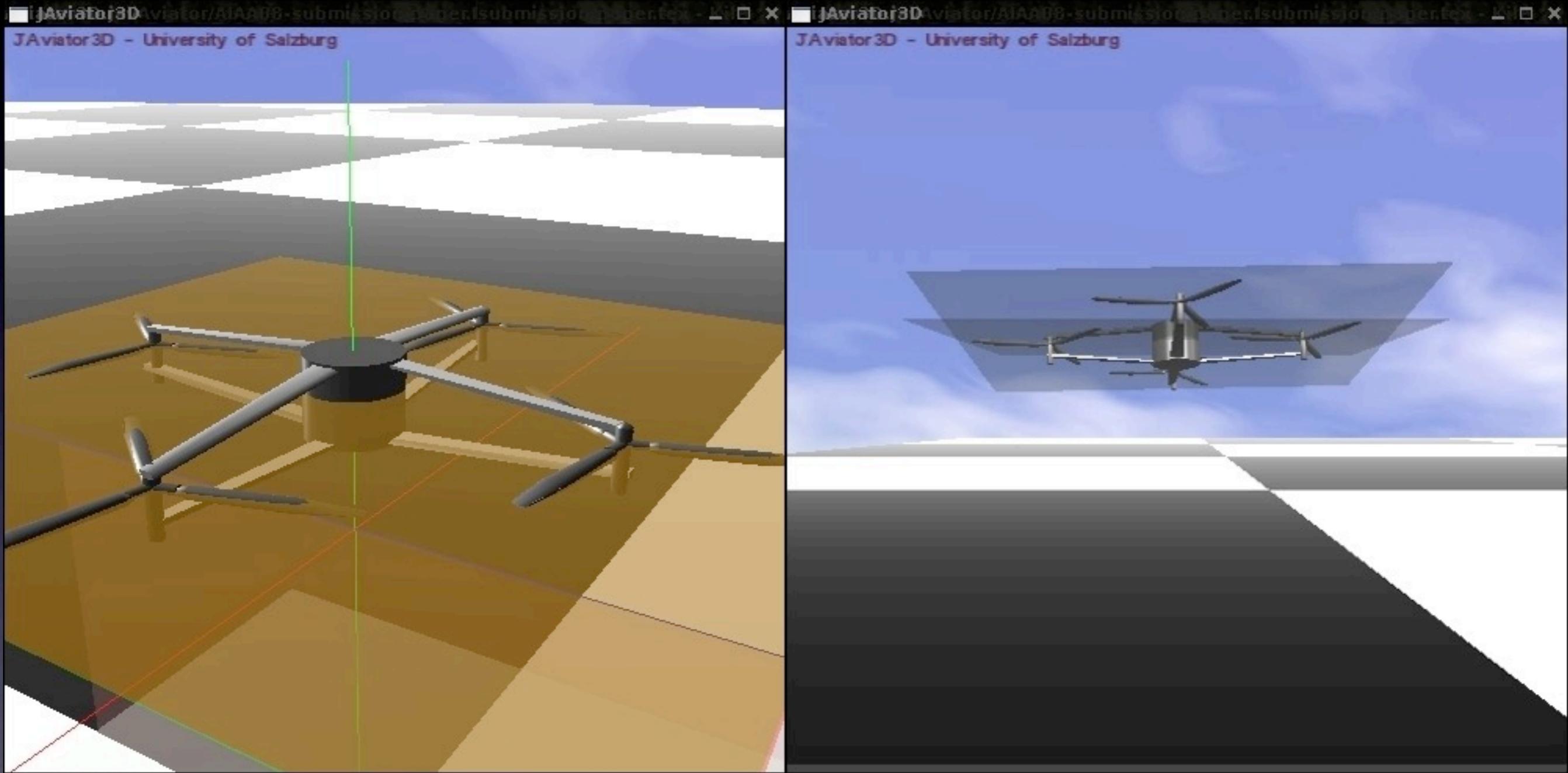


Laser

# Off-the-Shelf Stuff



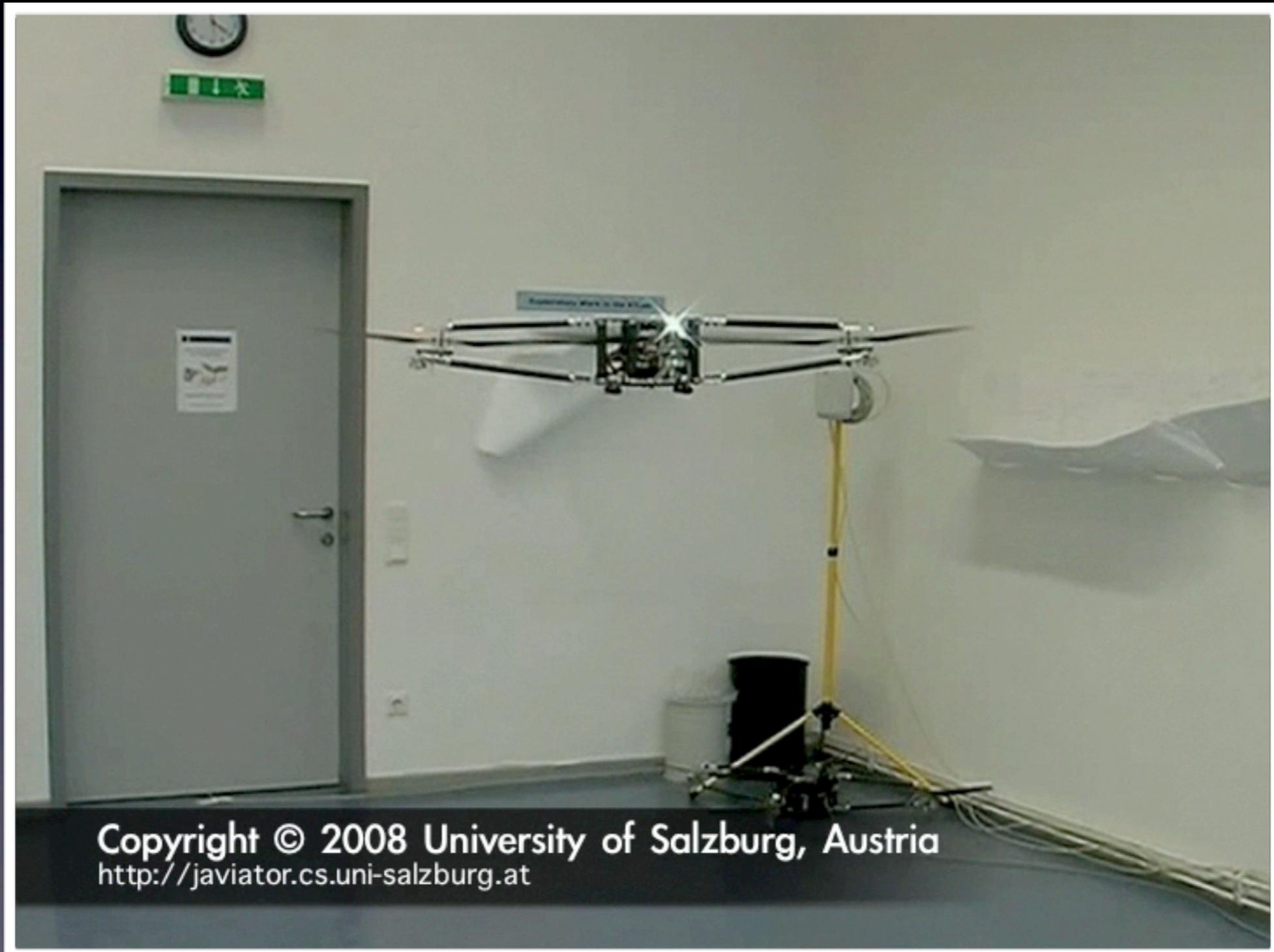
Gumstix





# Indoor Flight STARMAC Controller

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# Outdoor Flight Salzburg Controller

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# More Recent: Yawing

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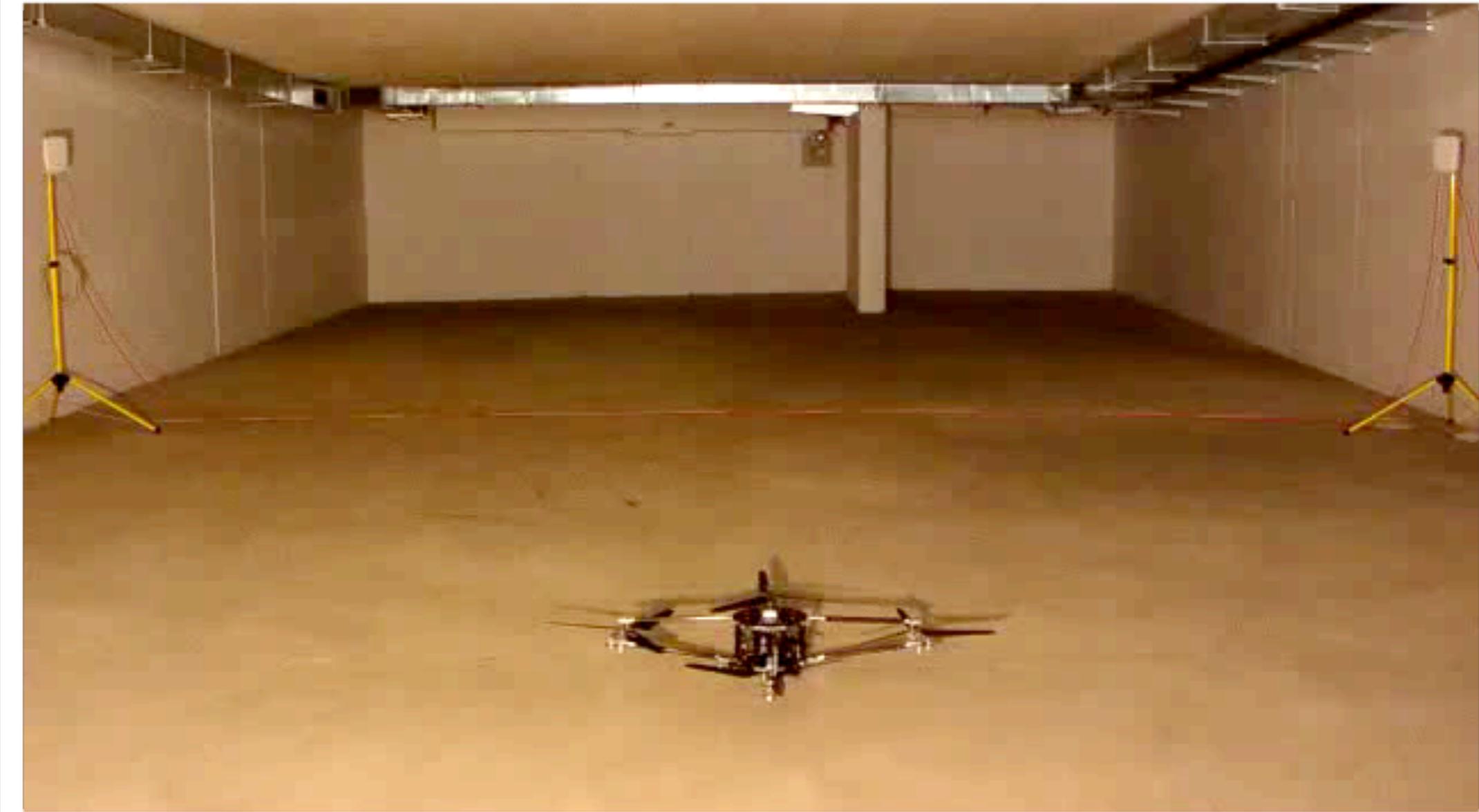
Oops

# Oops



# Autonomous

# Autonomous



# A Cyber-Physical Server



- IP address
- location

# A Cyber-Physical Server



- IP address
- location
- capabilities

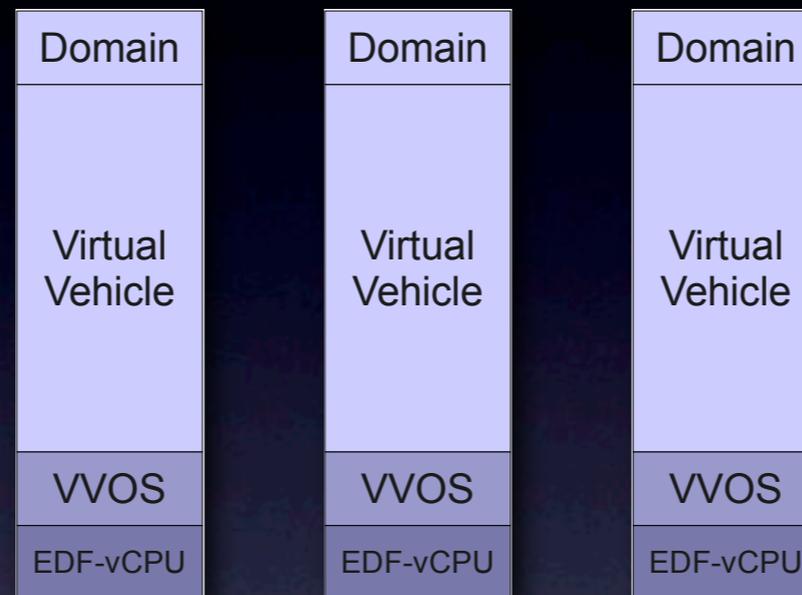
# A Cyber-Physical Server



- IP address
- location
- capabilities
- motion

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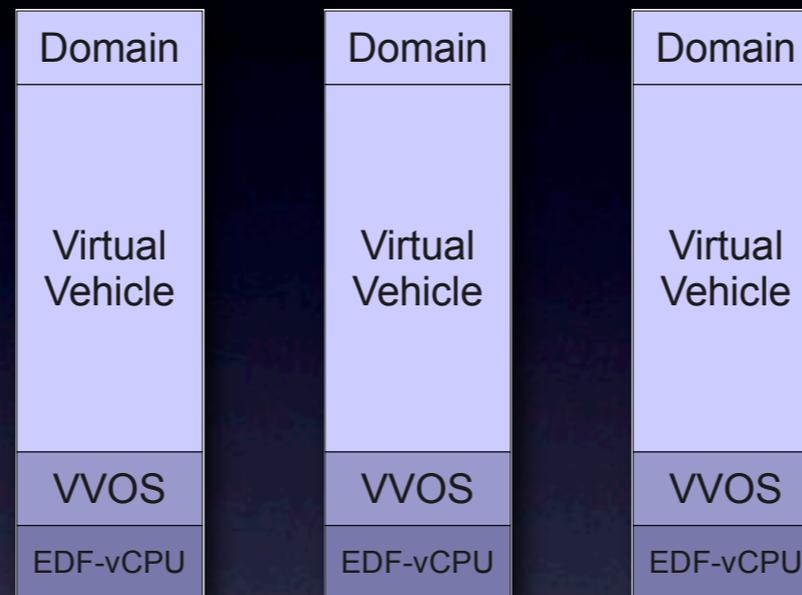
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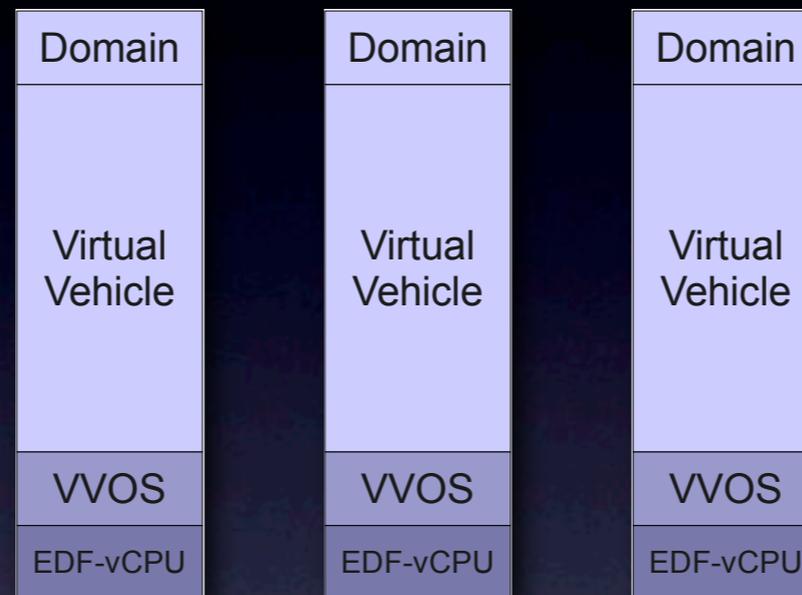


restricted

- IP address
- location
- capabilities
- motion

# A Cyber-Physical Server

- IP address
- location
- capabilities
- motion



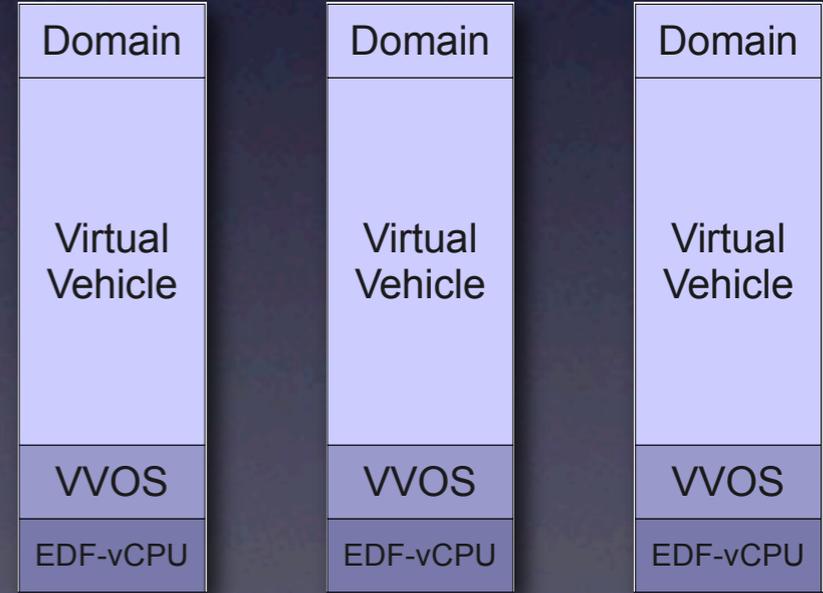
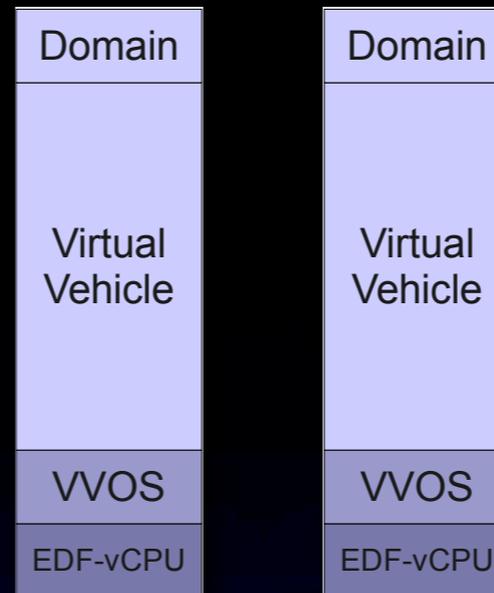
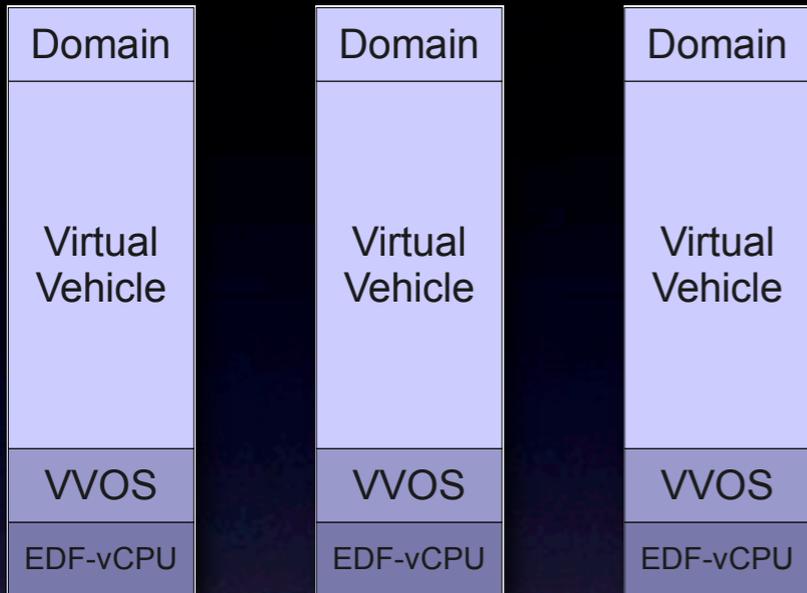
- IP address
- location
- capabilities
- motion



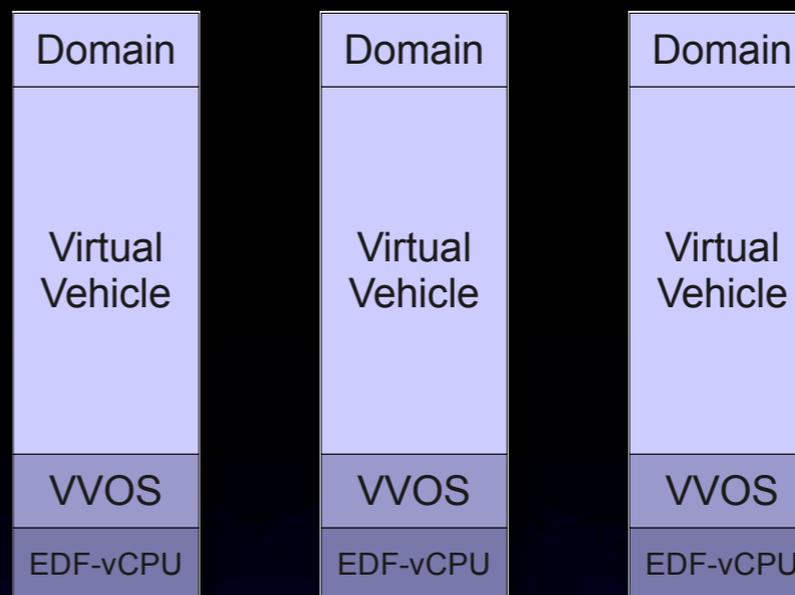
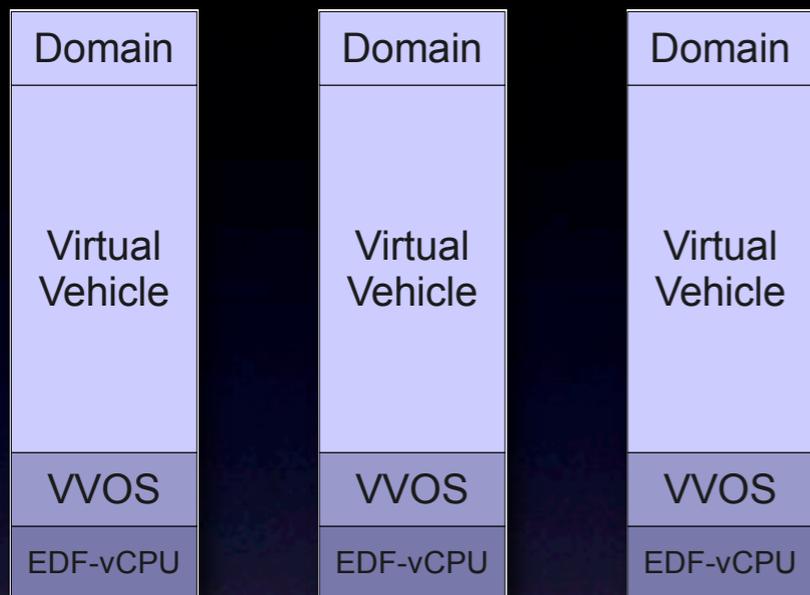
restricted

idealized

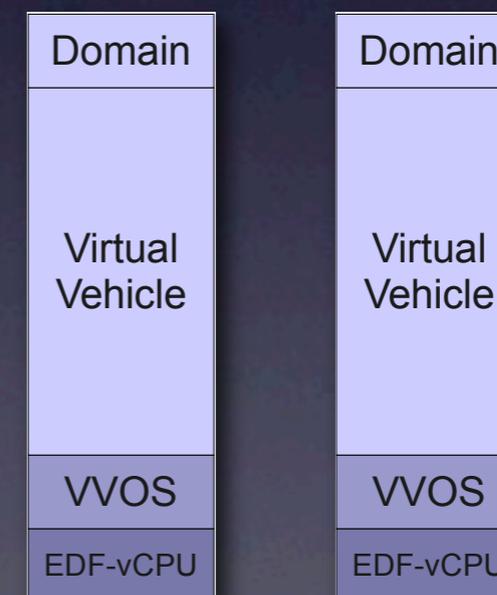
- IP address
- location
- capabilities
- motion



# A Cyber-Physical Cloud [HotCloud 2010]



migration  
=  
flying



# A Cyber-Physical Cloud [HotCloud 2010]

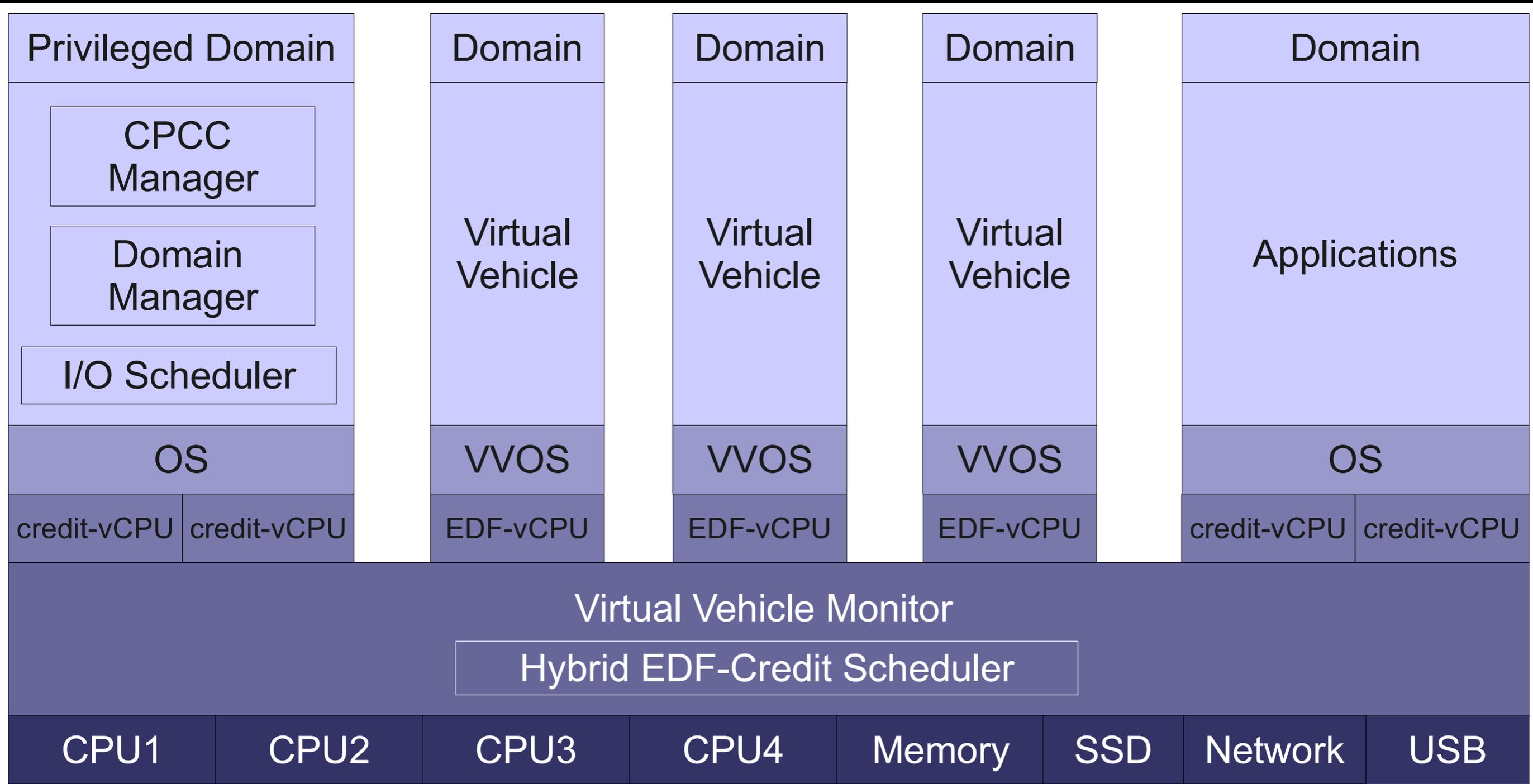
# Goals

- **Multi-provider** (10s):
  - heterogeneous operations
- **Multi-vehicle** (100s):
  - heterogeneous systems
- **Multi-task** (1000s):
  - heterogeneous missions

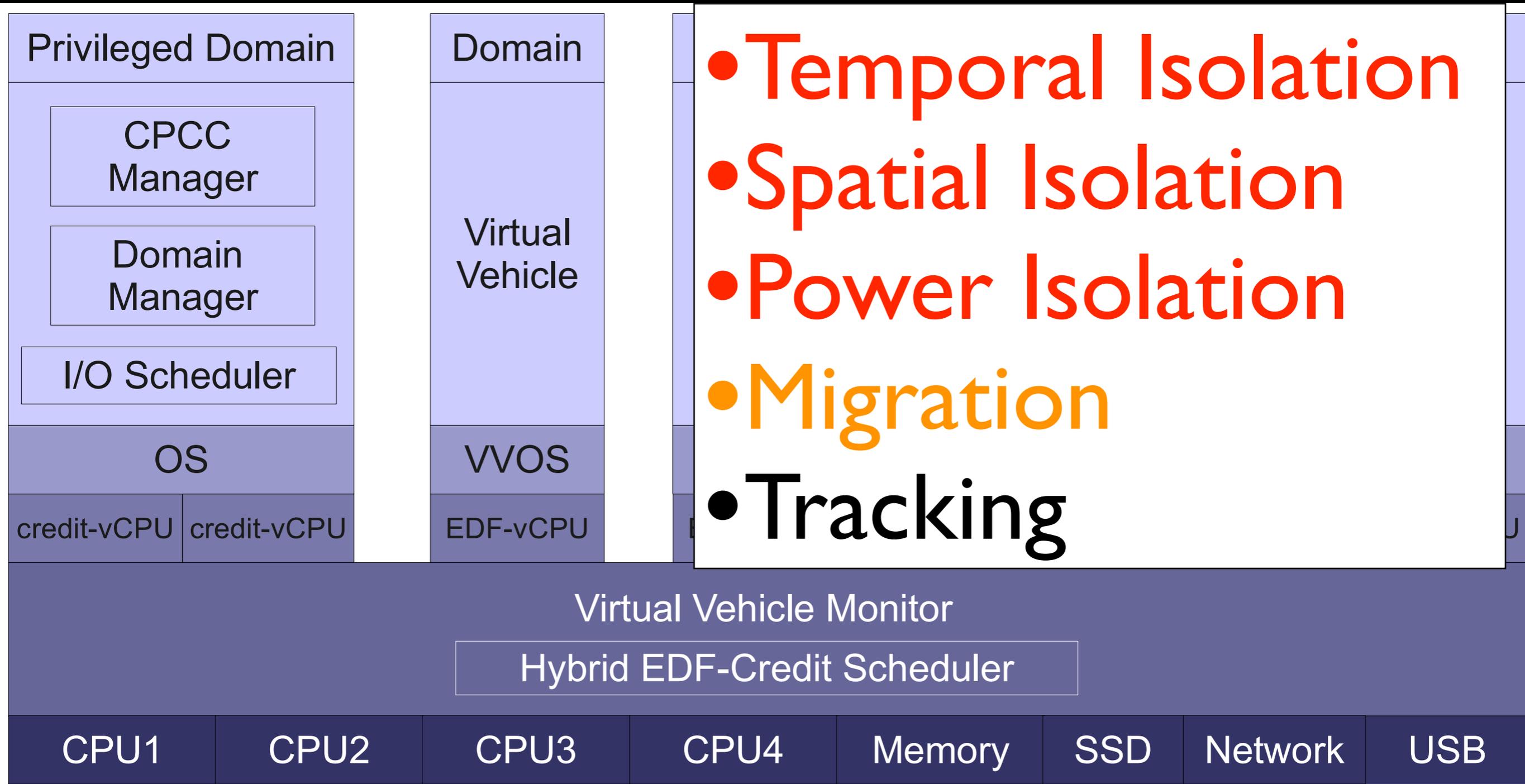
# High-Level Challenges

- Virtualization **Infrastructure**
  - ▶ Salzburg
- Collaborative **Control**
  - ▶ Berkeley
- Programming **Language**
  - ▶ Berkeley, Salzburg

# Virtualization Infrastructure



# Virtualization Infrastructure



- Temporal Isolation
- Spatial Isolation
- Power Isolation
- Migration
- Tracking

There is a  
fundamental trade-off  
between  
quality and cost  
of  
time, space, power  
isolation

# Time

- **quality**: response time jitter
- **cost**: scheduling overhead

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# Space

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# Time

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# Space

- **quality**: fragmentation jitter
- **cost**: management overhead

# Power

- **quality**: power consumption jitter
- **cost**: total power consumption

Time

Variable-Bandwidth Servers (VBS)  
[SIES09]

VBS Overhead Accounting  
[RTAS10]

Space

Compact-fit  
[USENIX ATC08]

Short-term Memory  
[Submitted 11]

Power

Power-aware VBS  
[EMSOFT10]

The Power of Isolation  
[Submitted 11]

# Time

- **per-process** lower/upper bounds on response times [SIES09]

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- account **overhead** in utilization and/or response times [RTAS10]

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**Short-term Memory**

[Submitted 11]

Power-aware VBS

[EMSOFT10]

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- **refresh** needed rather than deallocate not-needed objects [Submitted 11]

# Power

- save power **while** maintaining response times [EMSOFT10]
- per-process lower/upper bounds on **power consumption** [Submitted 11]

The trade-off  
between  
isolation **quality** and **cost**  
extends to  
**scalability**  
on multicore systems

# Multicore

- many concurrent data structures **do not scale**,  
e.g. a concurrent FIFO queue for scheduling

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# Multicore

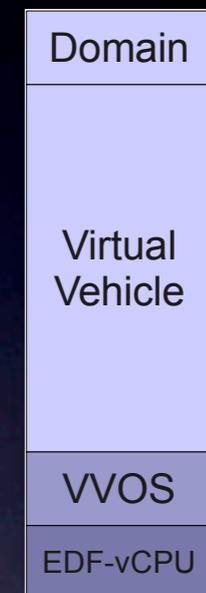
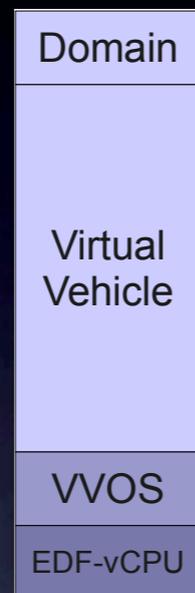
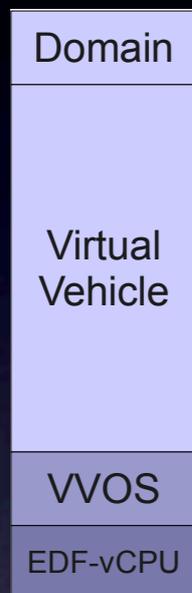
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## Non-linearizable Computing

Breaks the Scalability Barrier [Submitted I I]

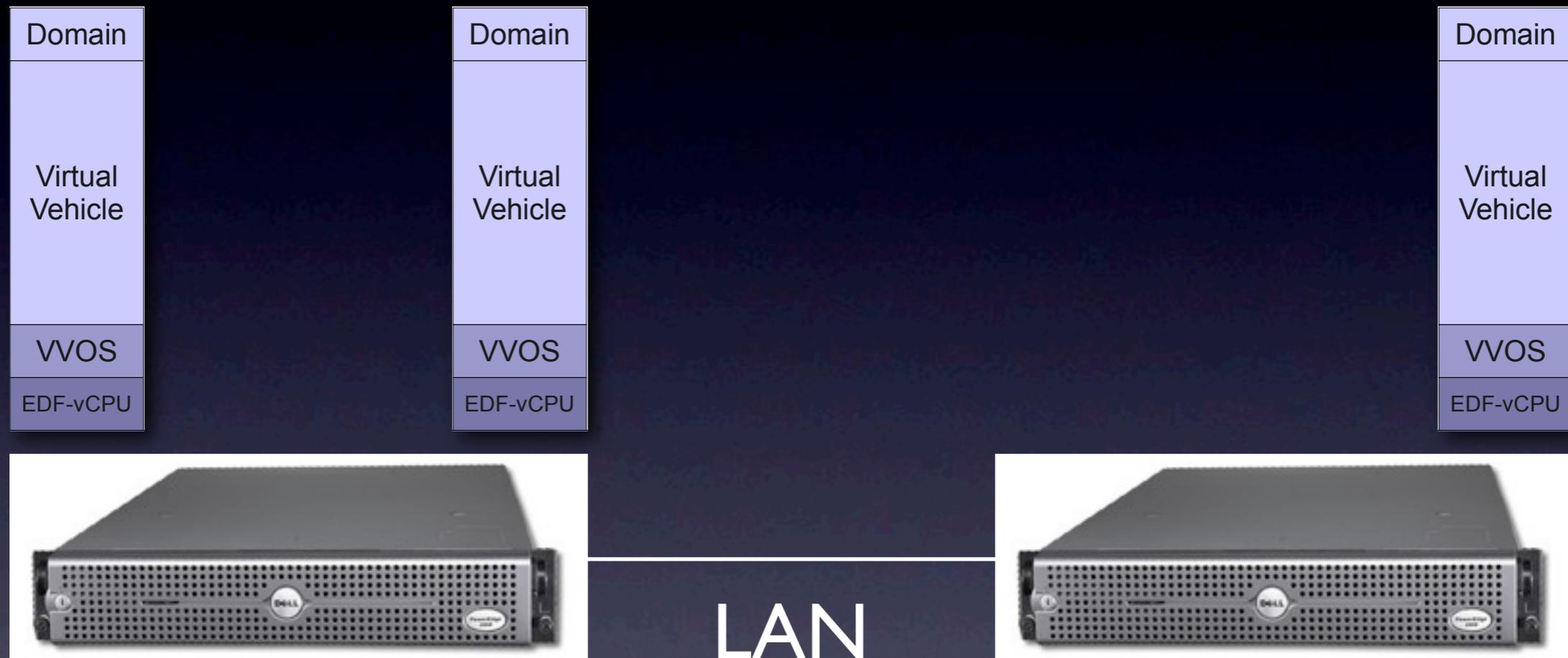
# Virtual Vehicle Demo

by Florian Landolt and Andreas Rottmann



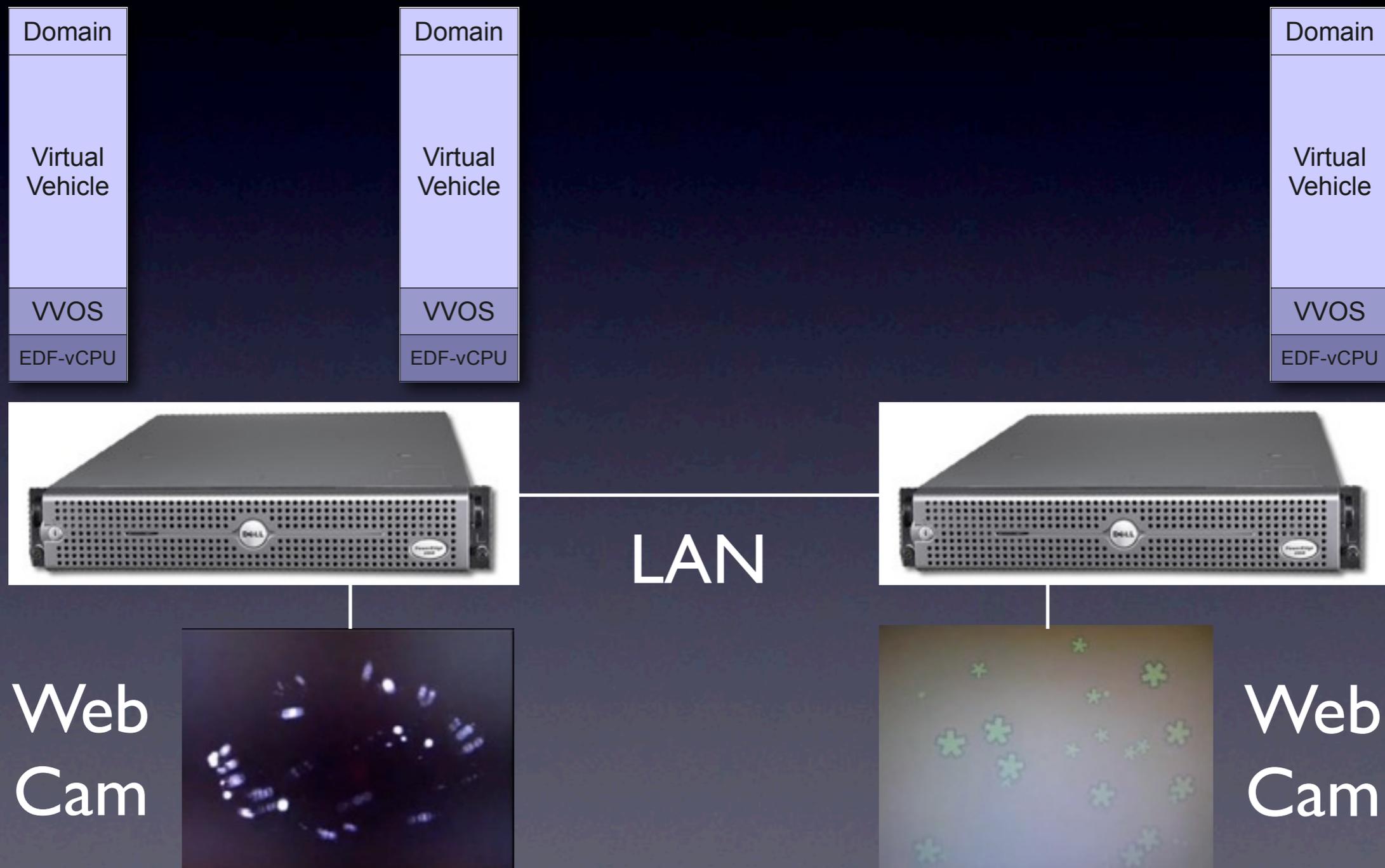
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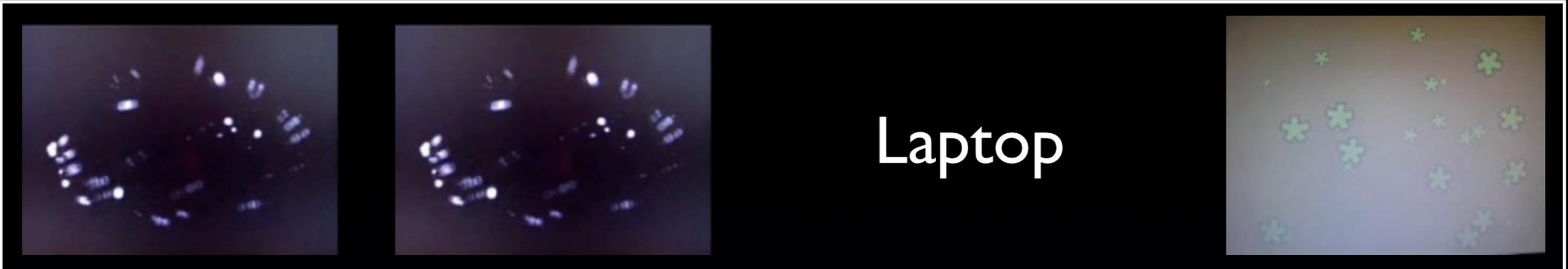
by Florian Landolt and Andreas Rottmann



# Virtual Vehicle Demo

by Florian Landolt and Andreas Rottmann





LAN

Web Cam



Web Cam

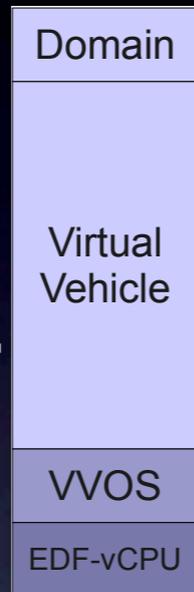




Laptop



Multicast



LAN

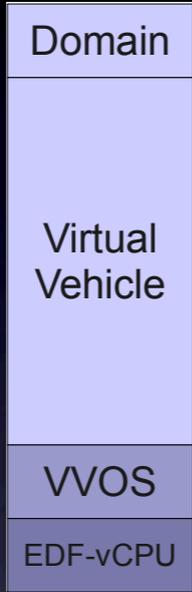
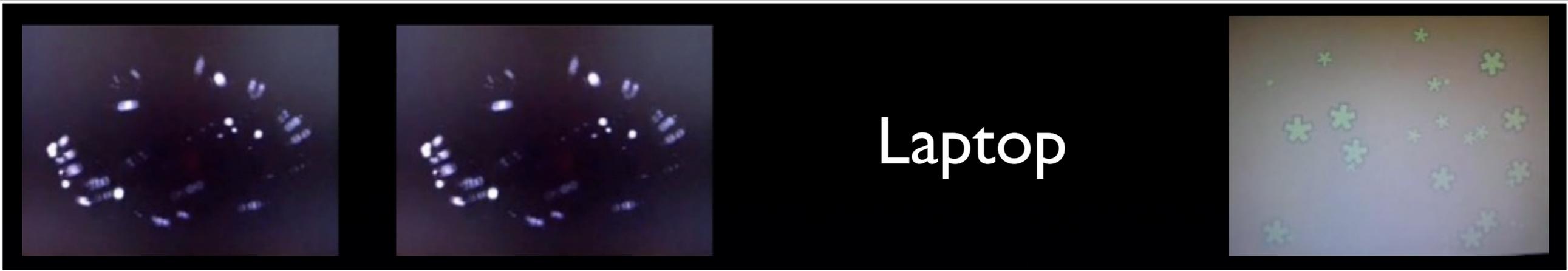


Web Cam



Web Cam





Migration



LAN

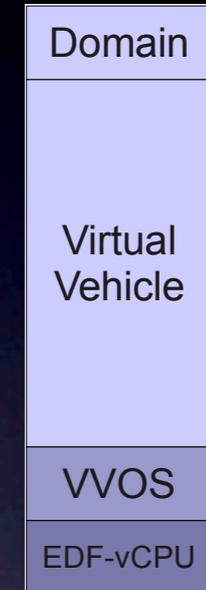
Web Cam



Web Cam



Laptop



LAN

Web  
Cam

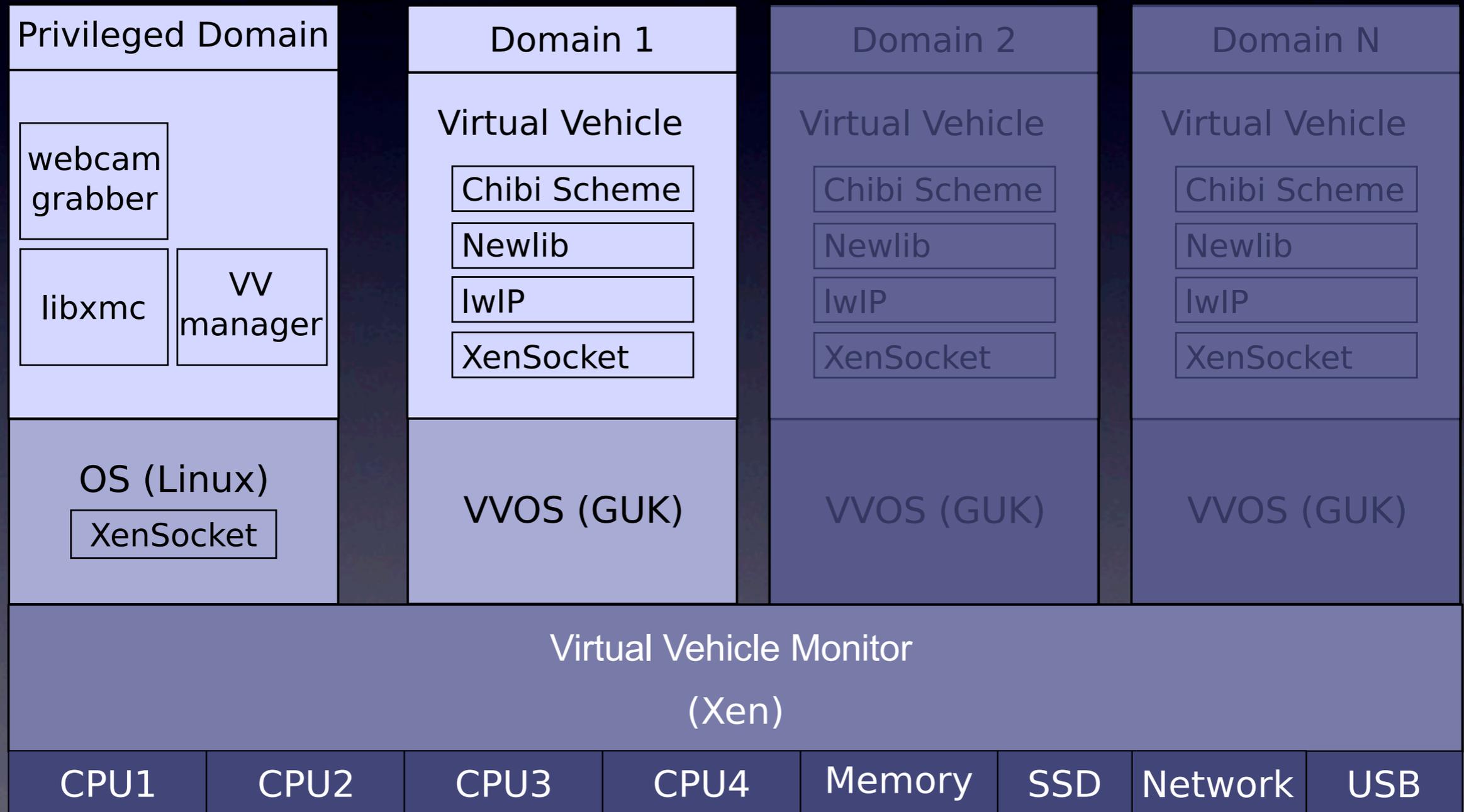


Web  
Cam



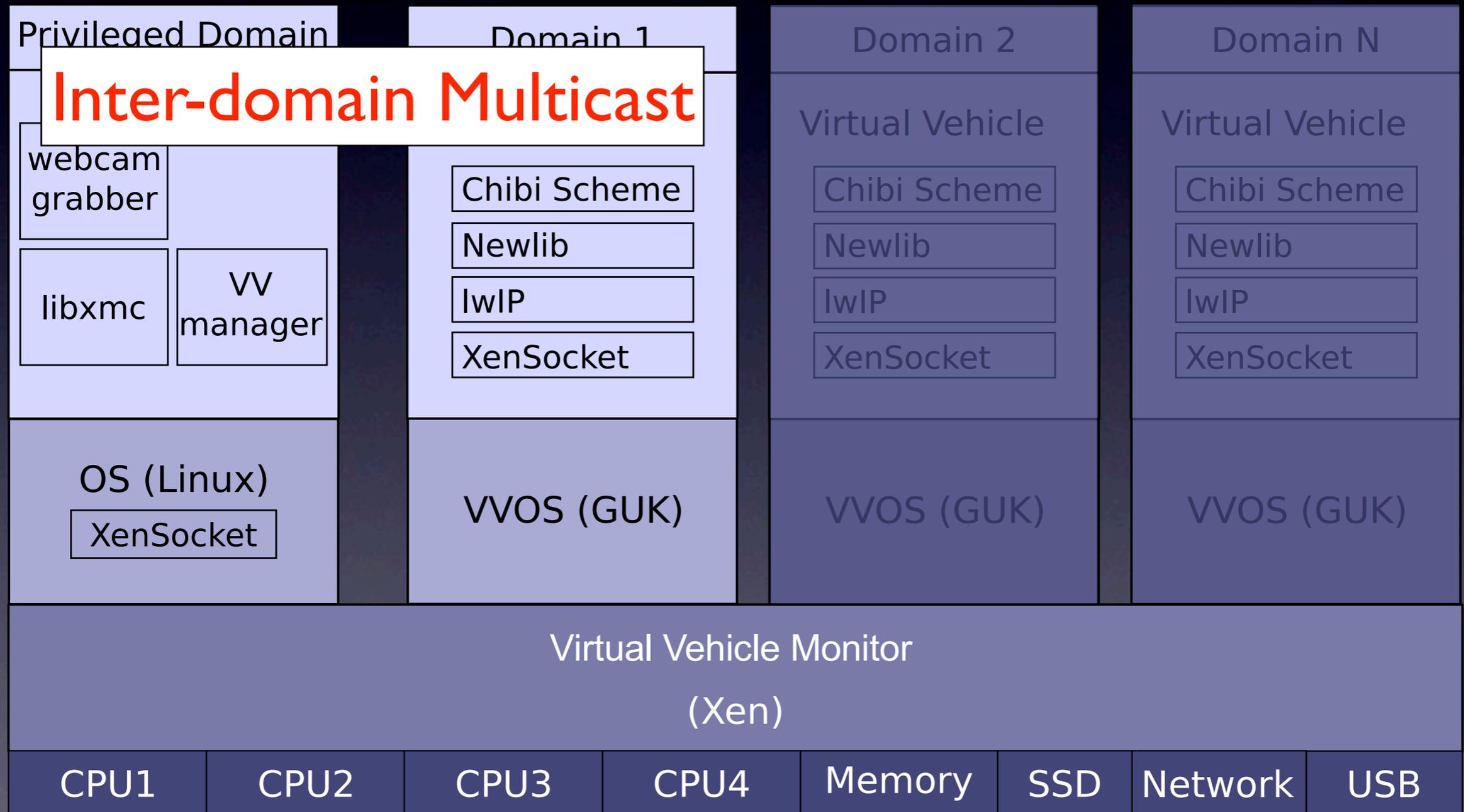
# Virtual Vehicle Monitor

(Xen, XenSockets, GUK, lwIP, Newlib, Chibi Scheme)



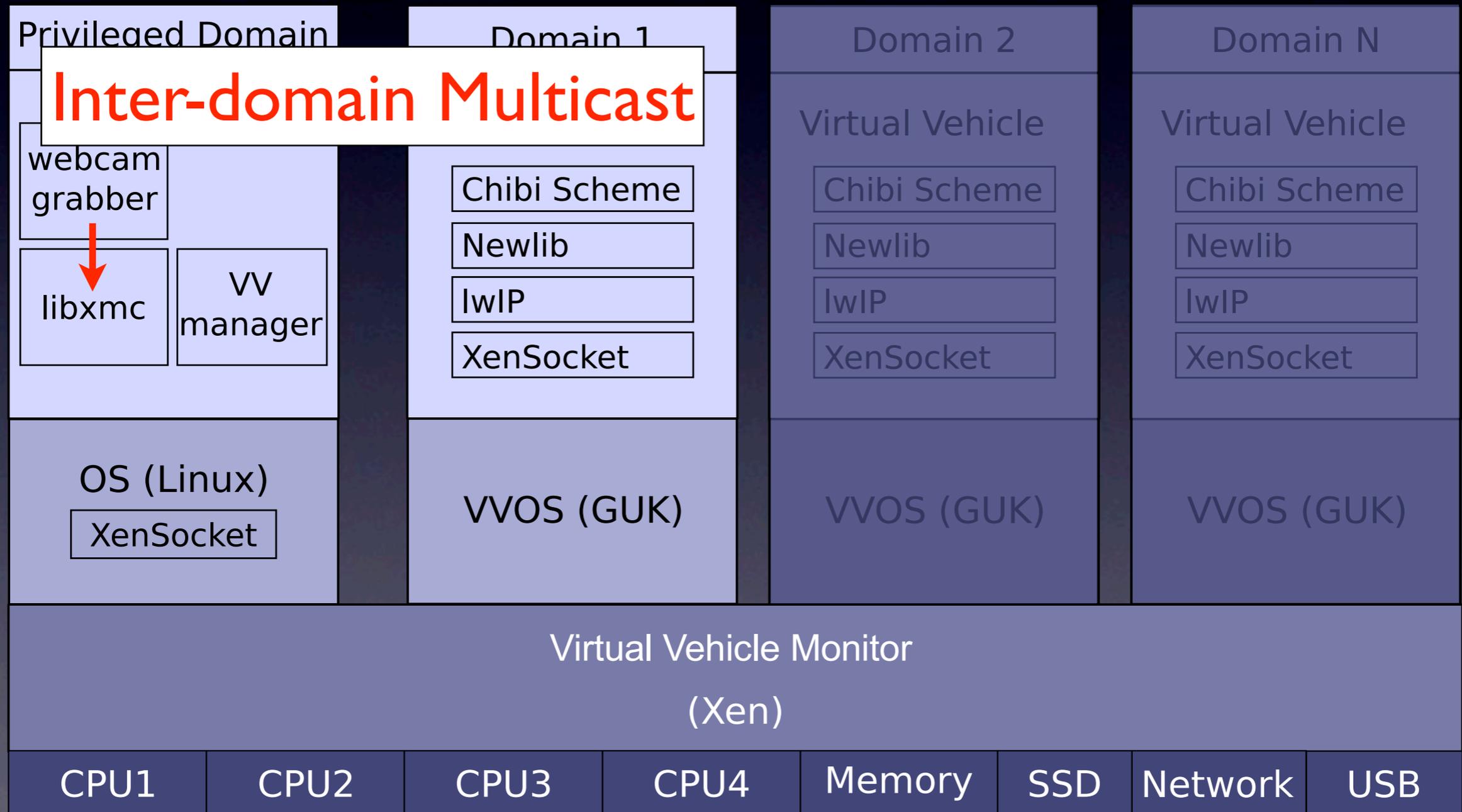
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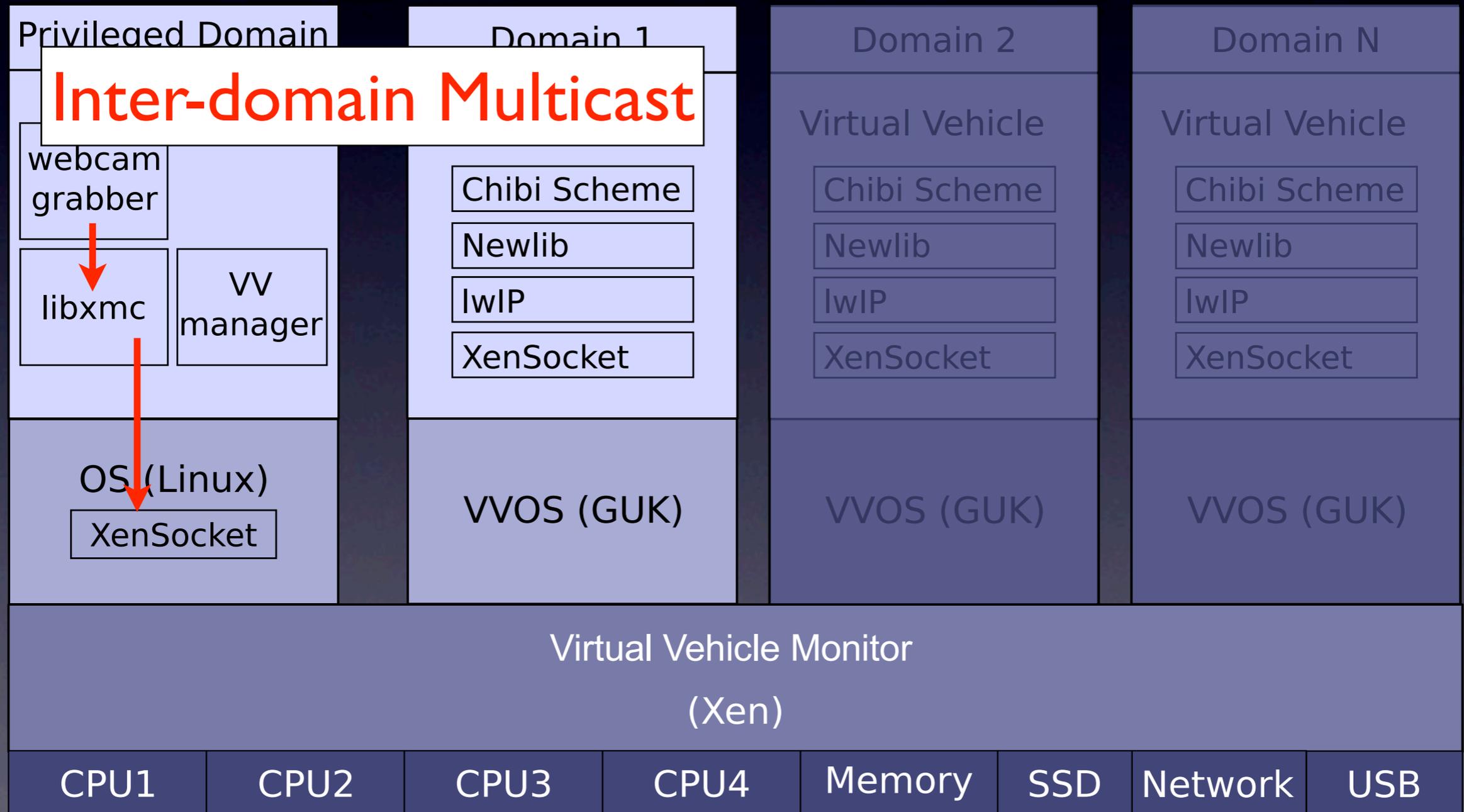
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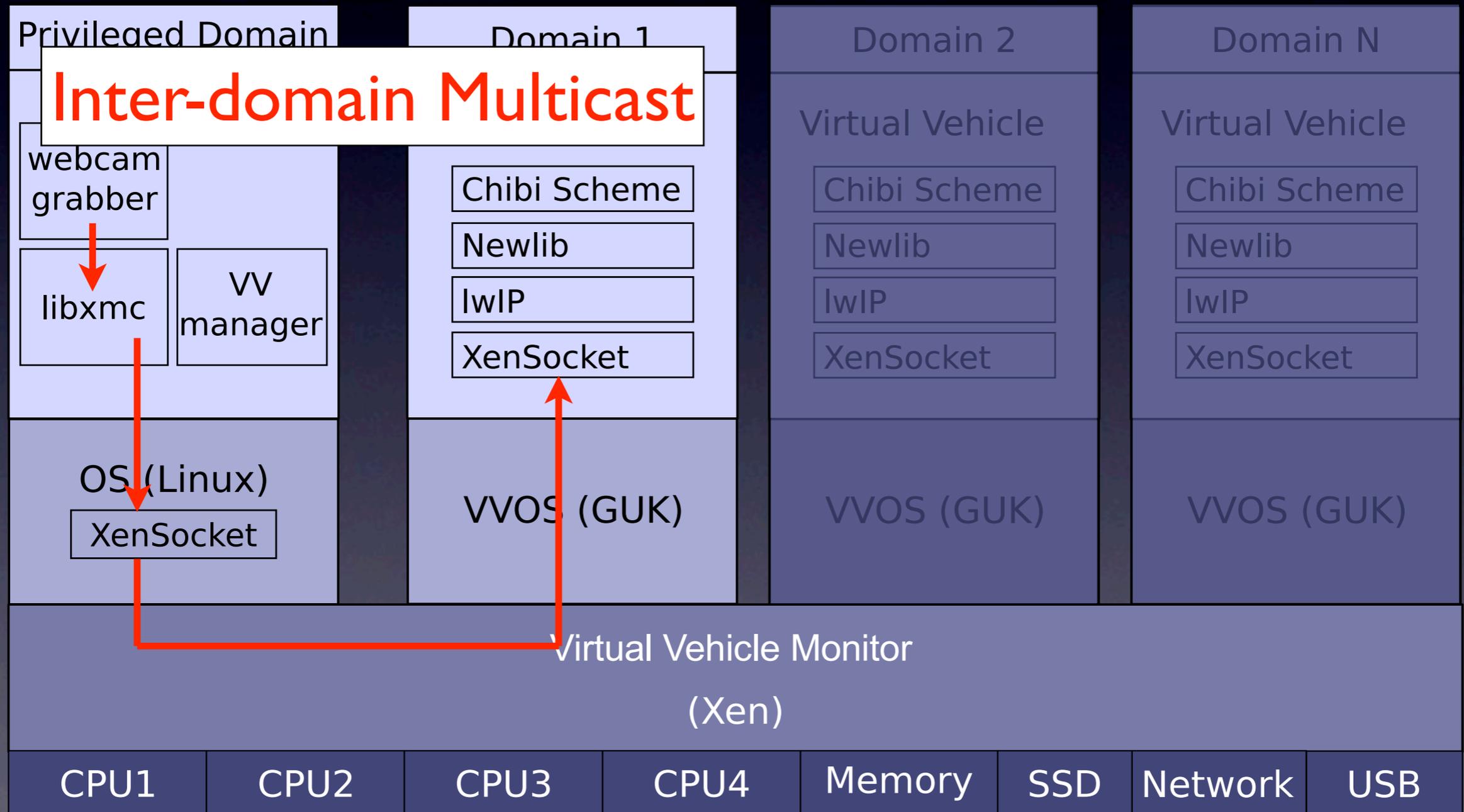
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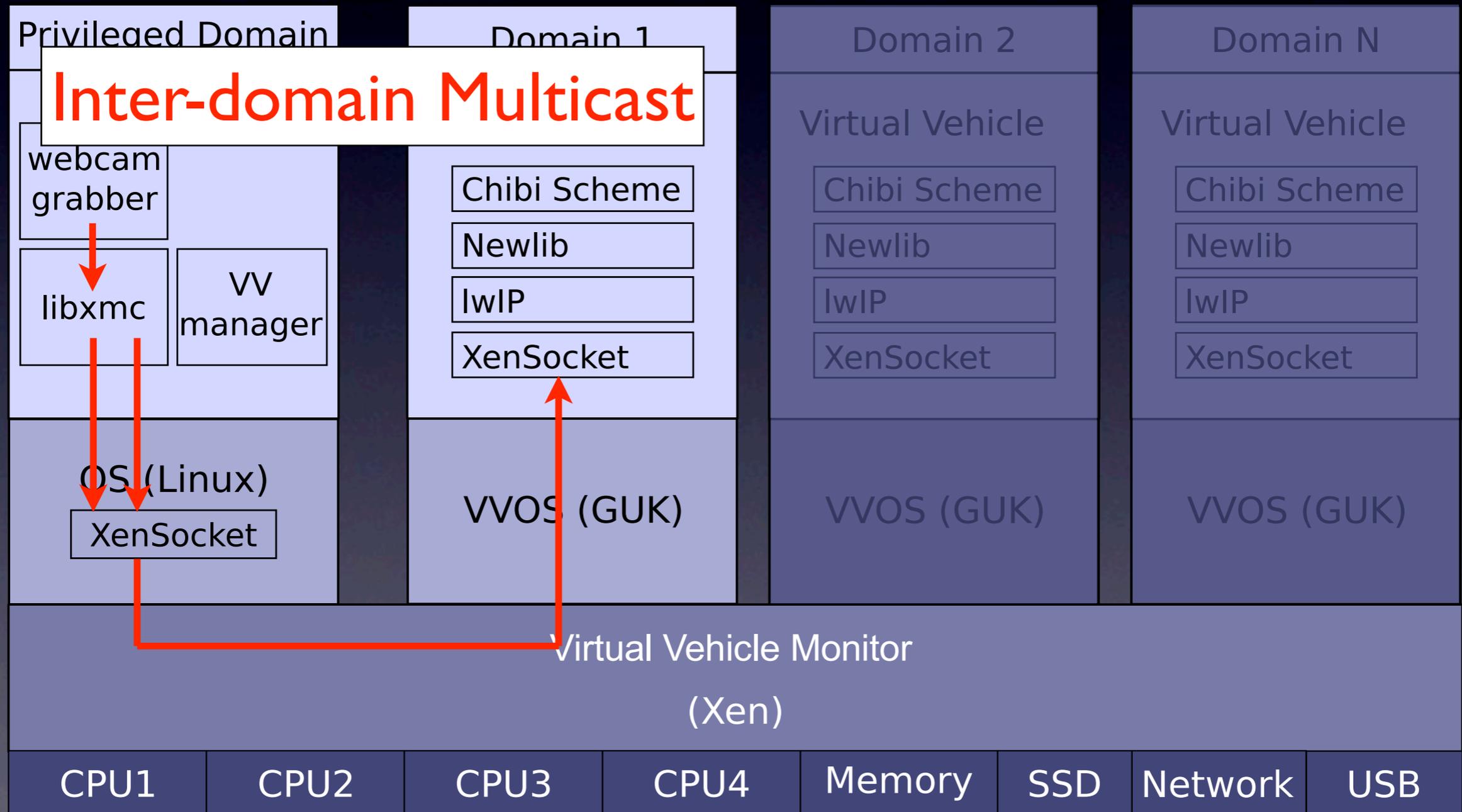
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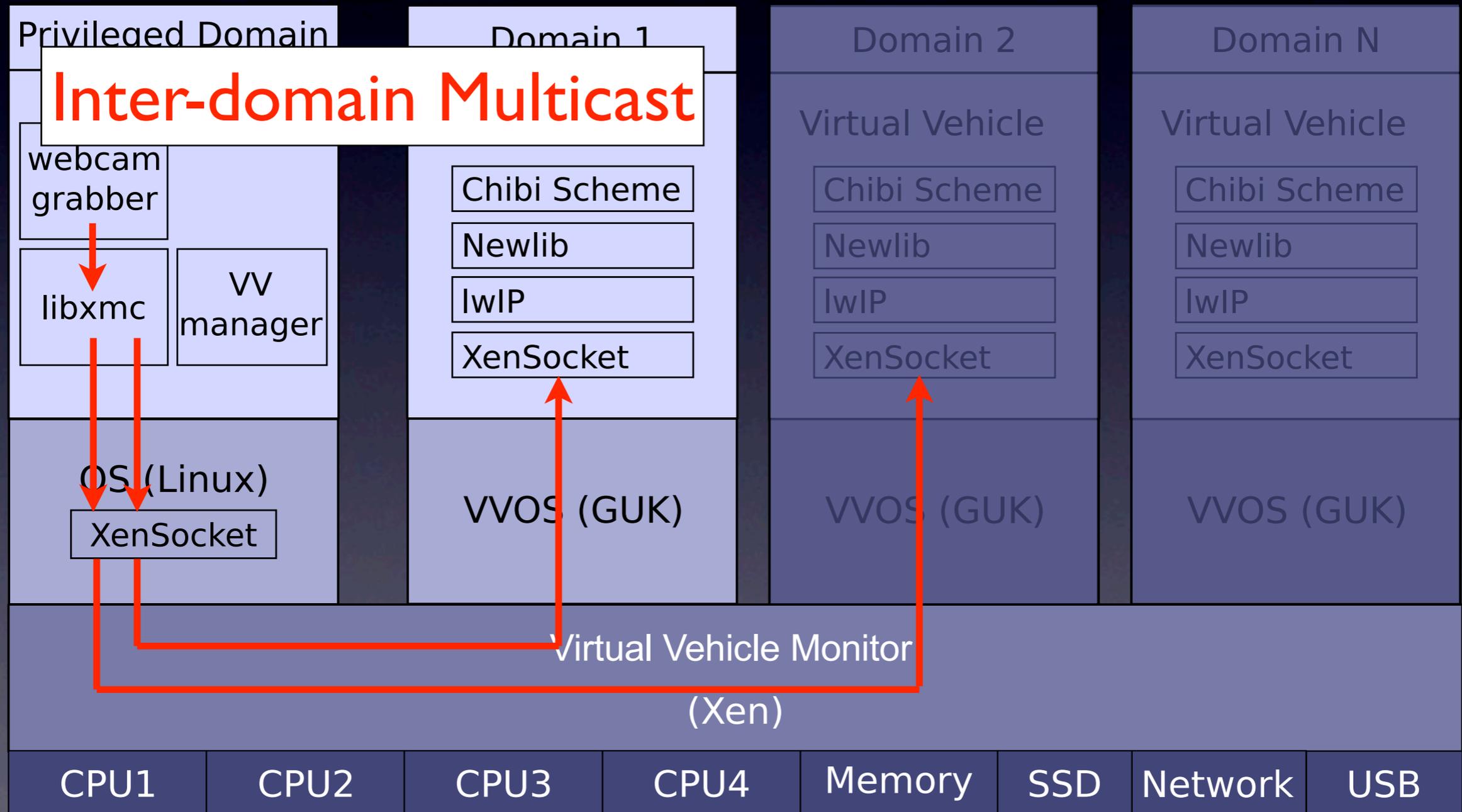
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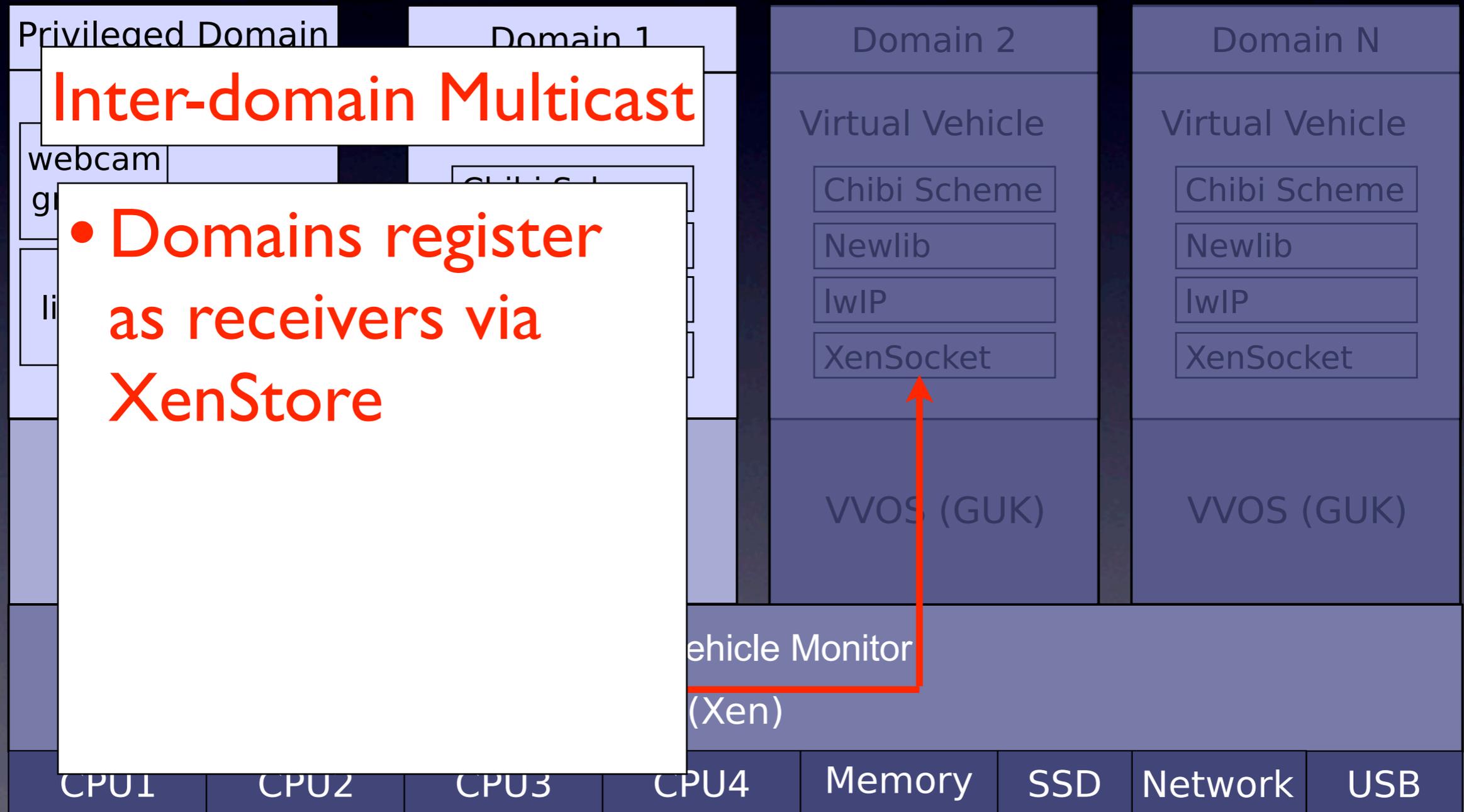
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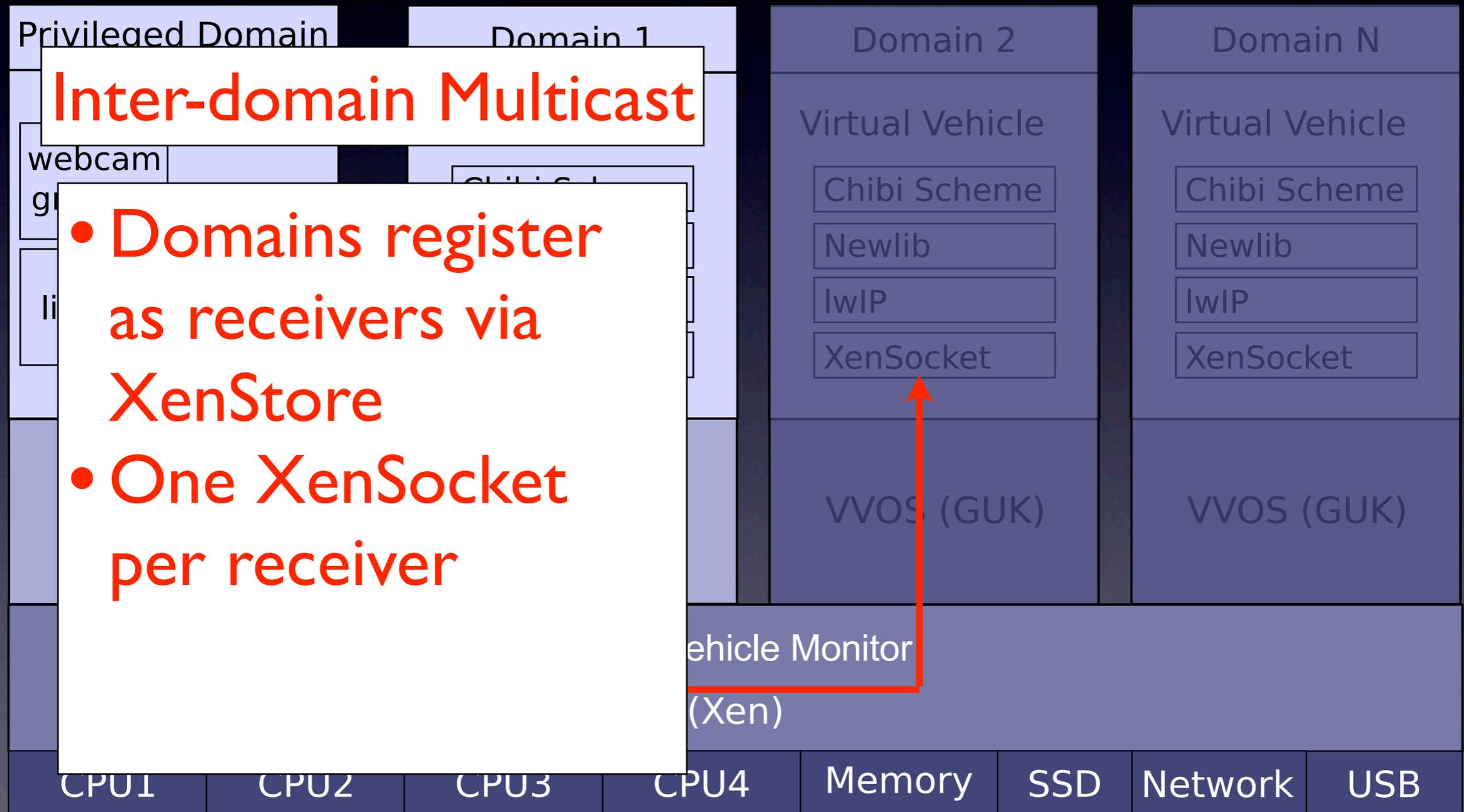
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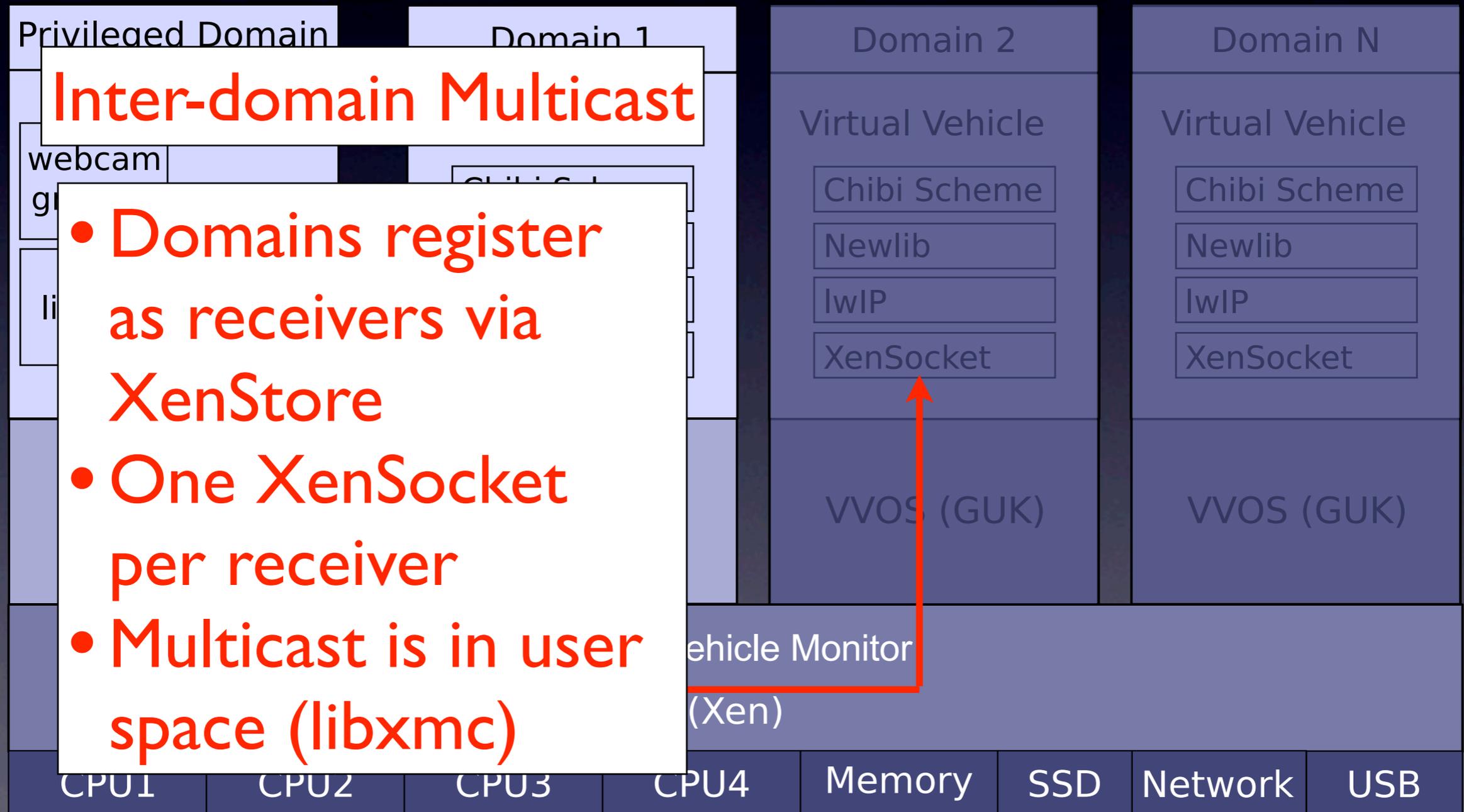
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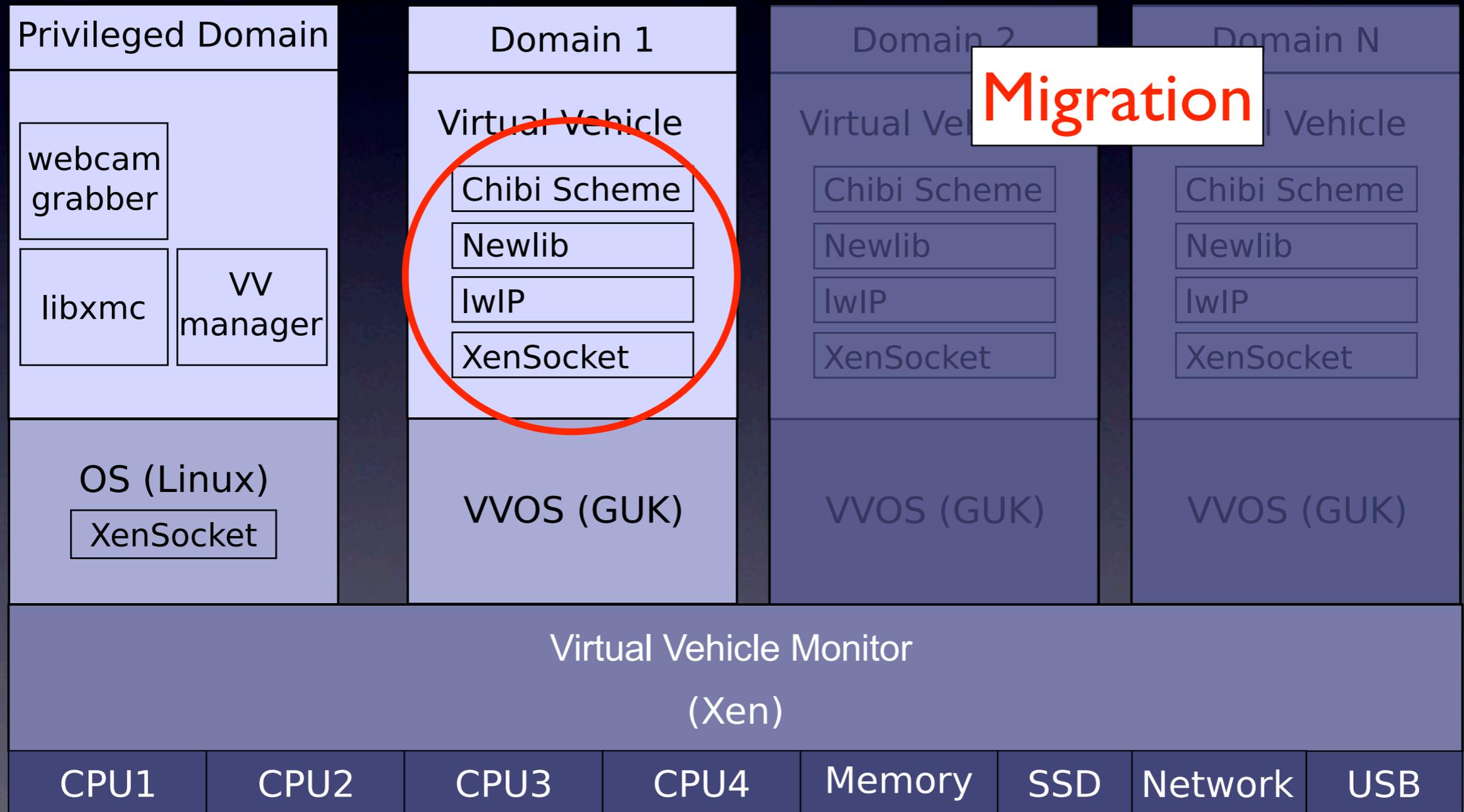
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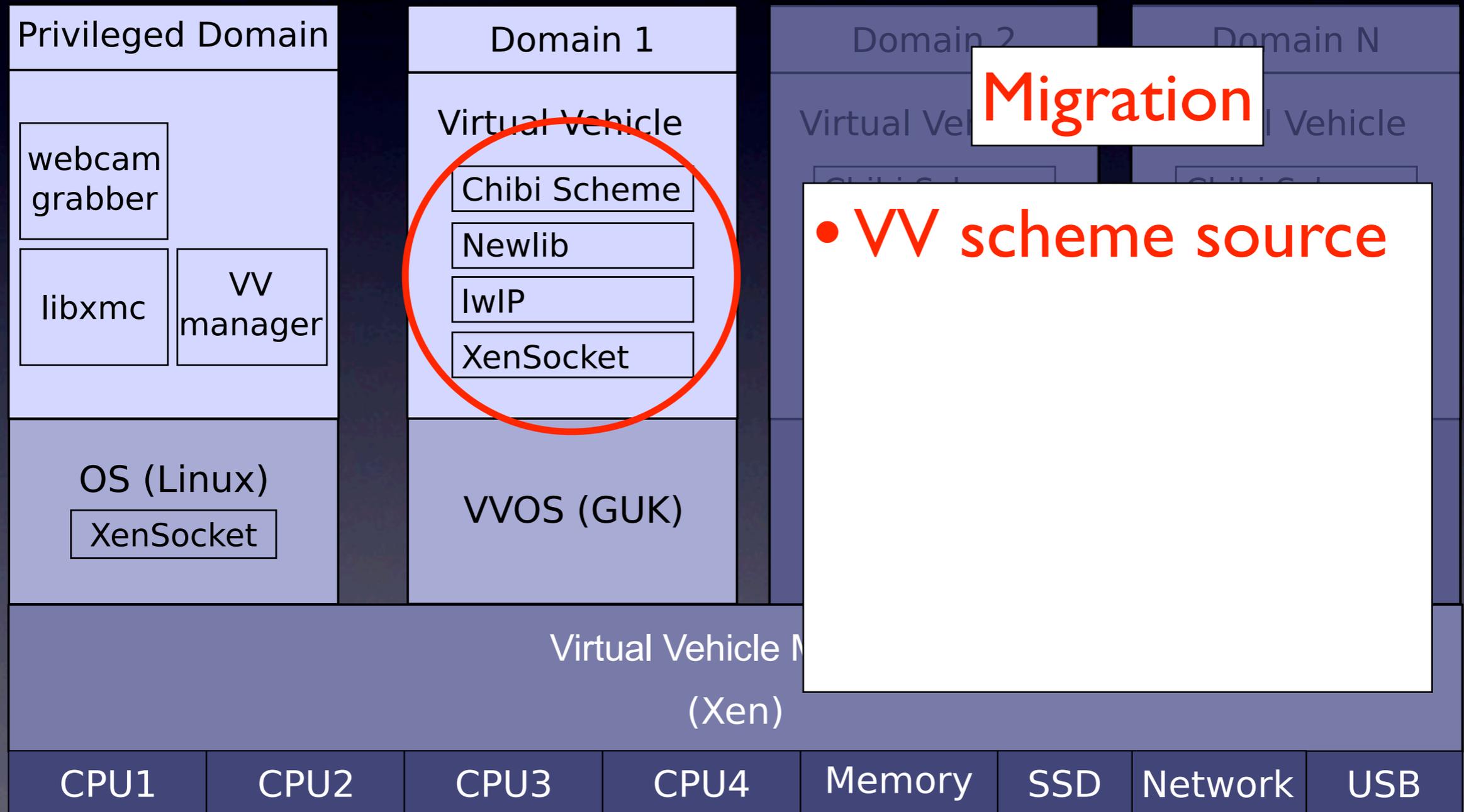
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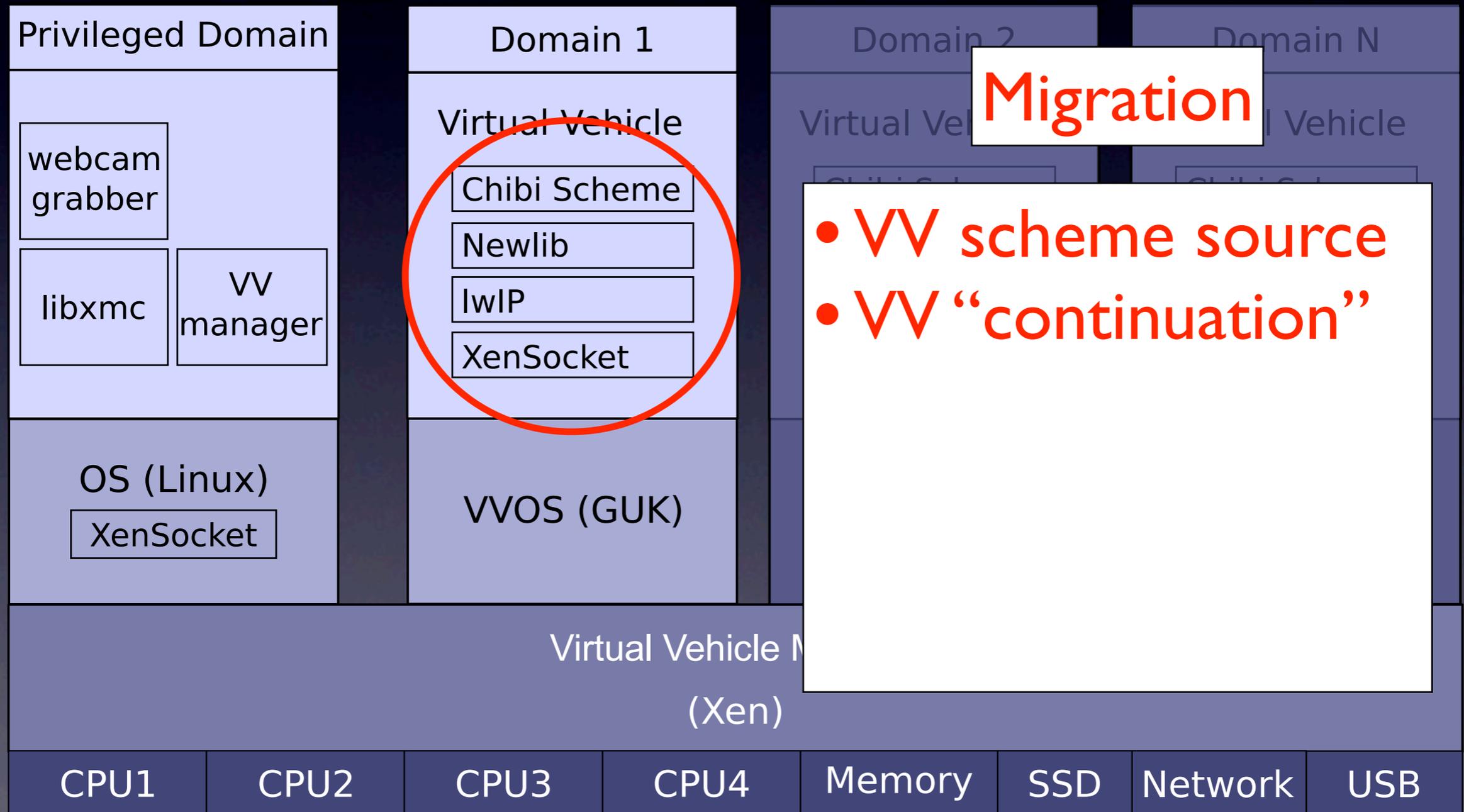
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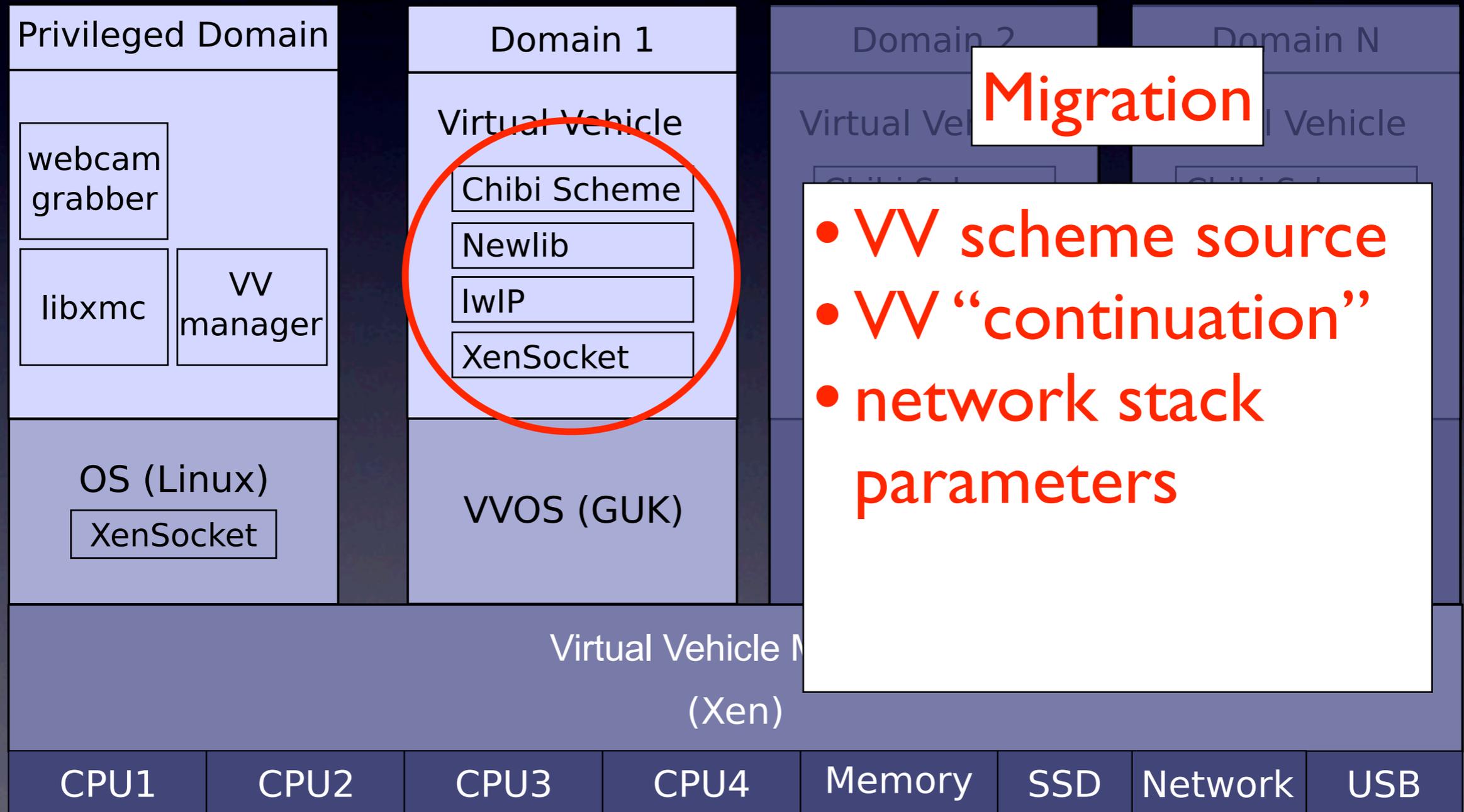
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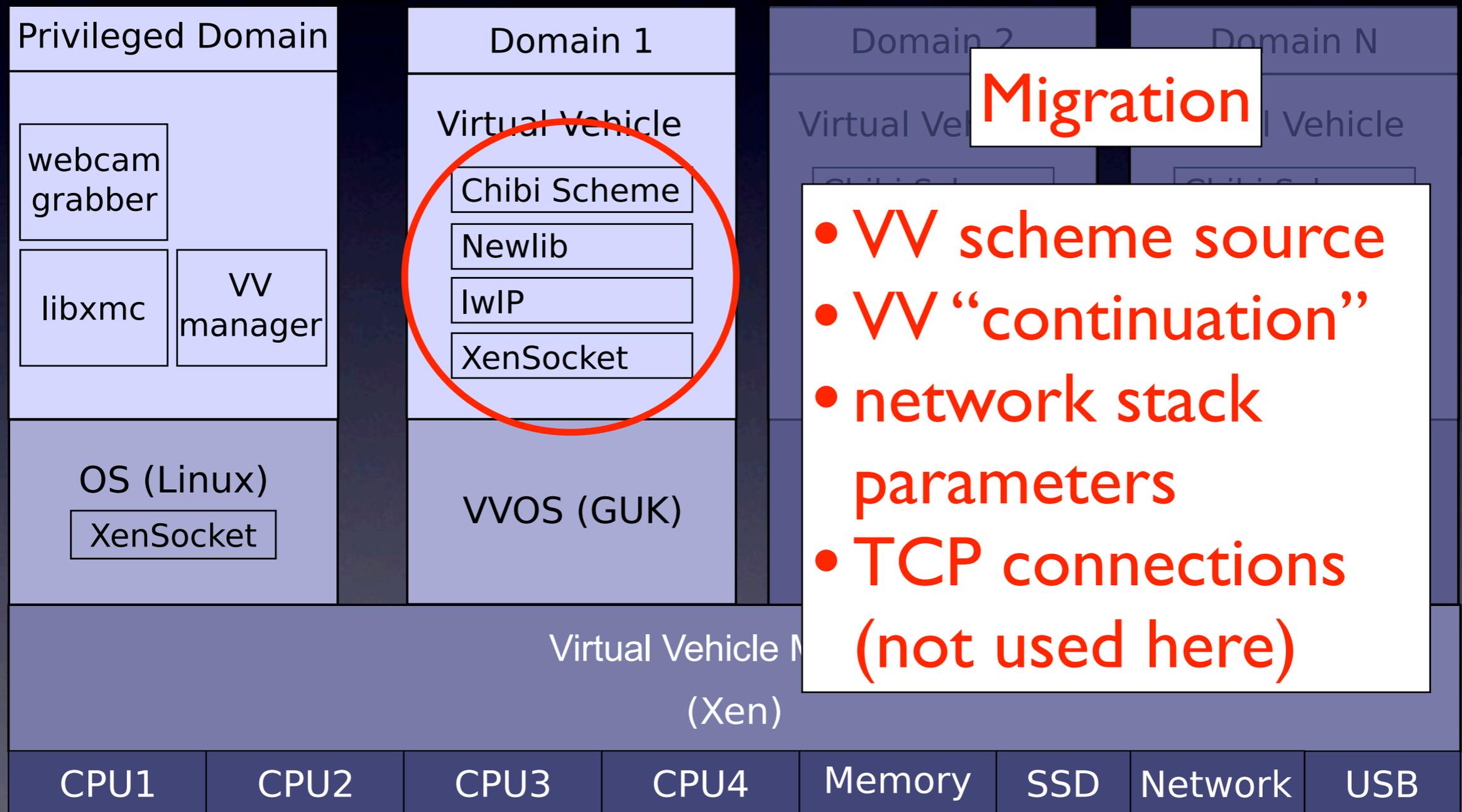
# Virtual Vehicle Monitor

(Xen, XenSockets, GUK, lwIP, Newlib, Chibi Scheme)



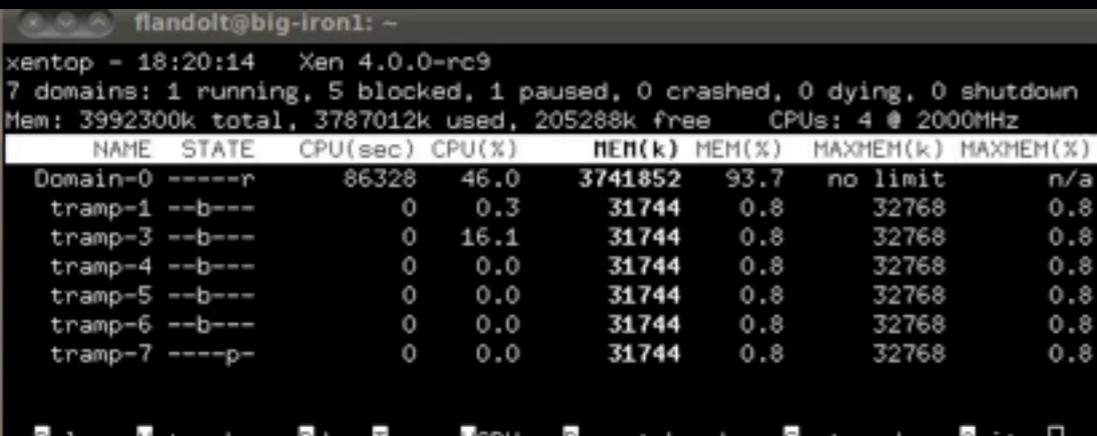
# Virtual Vehicle Monitor

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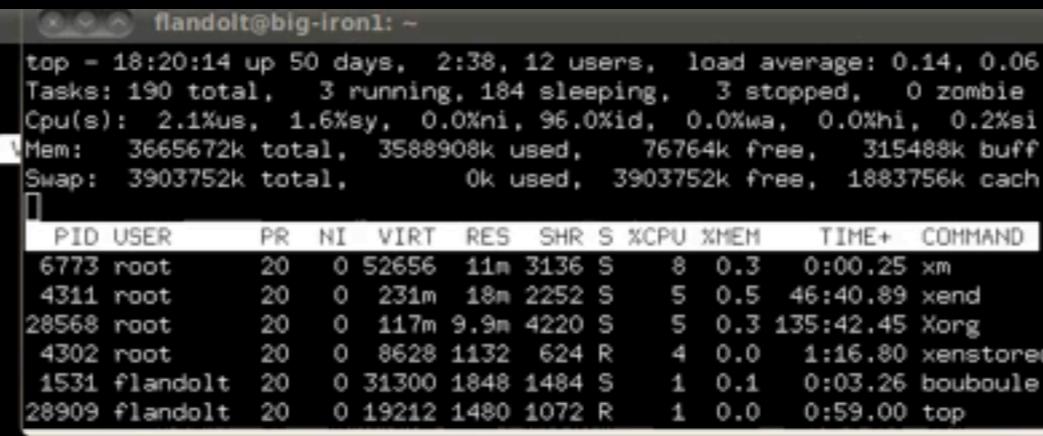
3 VVs on 2 Servers

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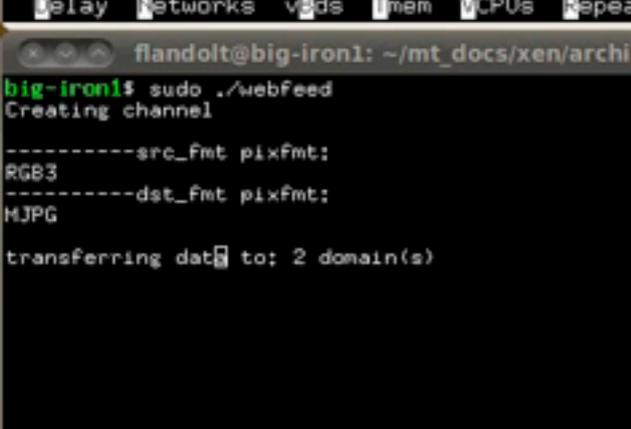
```
xentop - 18:20:14 Xen 4.0.0-rc9
7 domains: 1 running, 5 blocked, 1 paused, 0 crashed, 0 dying, 0 shutdown
Mem: 3992300k total, 3787012k used, 205288k free CPUs: 4 @ 2000MHz
```

NAME	STATE	CPU(sec)	CPU(%)	MEM(k)	MEM(%)	MAXMEM(k)	MAXMEM(%)
Domain-0	-----r	86328	46.0	3741852	93.7	no limit	n/a
tramp-1	--b---	0	0.3	31744	0.8	32768	0.8
tramp-3	--b---	0	16.1	31744	0.8	32768	0.8
tramp-4	--b---	0	0.0	31744	0.8	32768	0.8
tramp-5	--b---	0	0.0	31744	0.8	32768	0.8
tramp-6	--b---	0	0.0	31744	0.8	32768	0.8
tramp-7	----p-	0	0.0	31744	0.8	32768	0.8

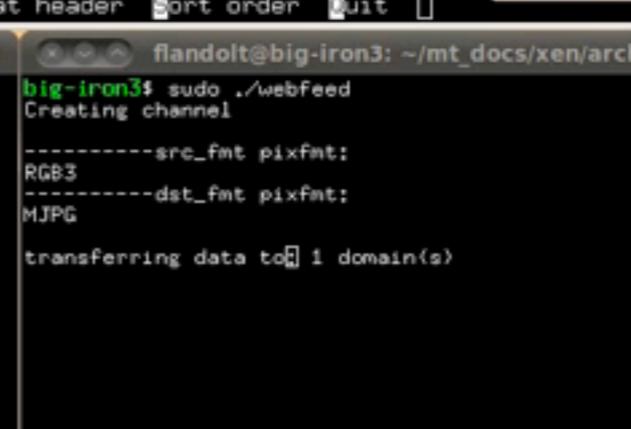


```
top - 18:20:14 up 50 days, 2:38, 12 users, load average: 0.14, 0.06
Tasks: 190 total, 3 running, 184 sleeping, 3 stopped, 0 zombie
Cpu(s): 2.1%us, 1.6%ky, 0.0%ni, 96.0%id, 0.0%wa, 0.0%hi, 0.2%si
Mem: 3665672k total, 3588908k used, 76764k free, 315488k buff
Swap: 3903752k total, 0k used, 3903752k free, 1883756k cach
```

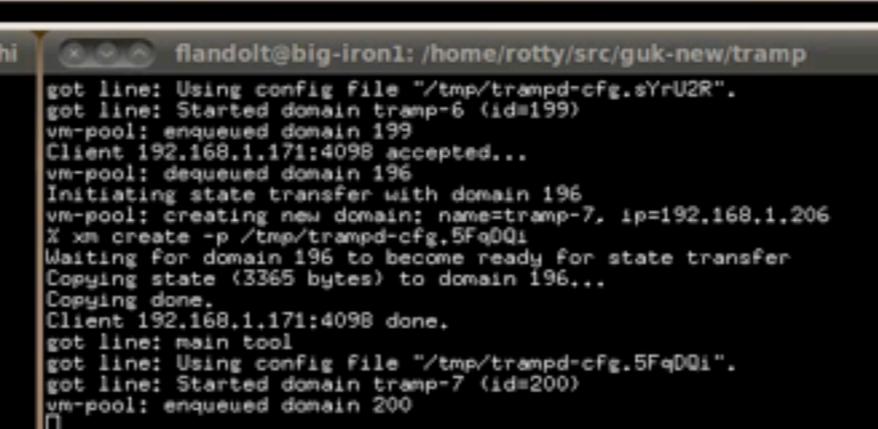
PID	USER	PR	NI	VRT	RES	SHR	S	%CPU	%MEM	TIME+	COMMAND
6773	root	20	0	52656	11m	3136	S	8	0.3	0:00.25	xm
4311	root	20	0	231m	18m	2252	S	5	0.5	46:40.89	xend
28568	root	20	0	117m	9.9m	4220	S	5	0.3	135:42.45	Xorg
4302	root	20	0	8628	1132	624	R	4	0.0	1:16.80	xenstored
1531	flandolt	20	0	31300	1848	1484	S	1	0.1	0:03.26	bouboule
28909	flandolt	20	0	19212	1480	1072	R	1	0.0	0:59.00	top



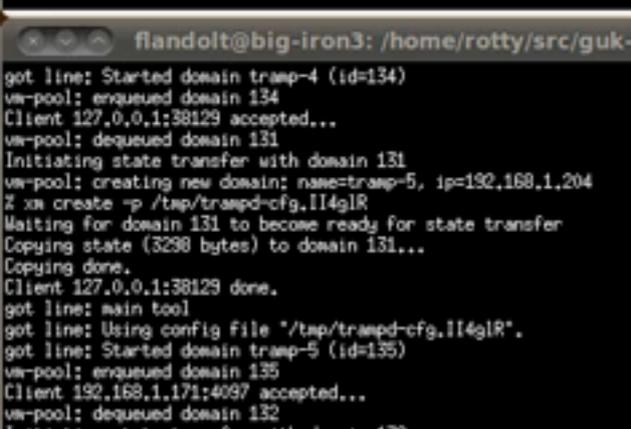
```
big-iron1$ sudo ./webFeed
Creating channel
-----src_fmt pixfmt:
RGB3
-----dst_fmt pixfmt:
MJPEG
transferring data to: 2 domain(s)
```



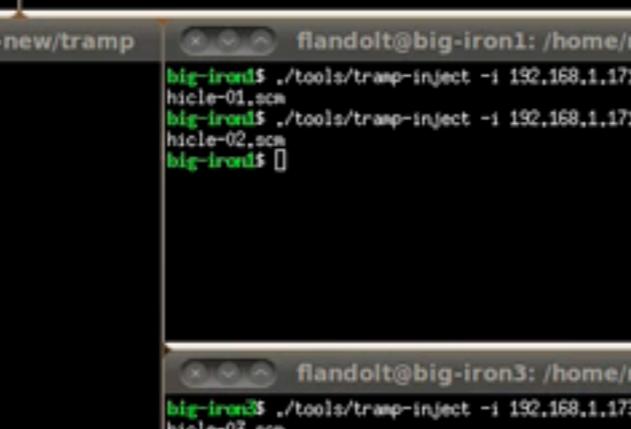
```
big-iron3$ sudo ./webFeed
Creating channel
-----src_fmt pixfmt:
RGB3
-----dst_fmt pixfmt:
MJPEG
transferring data to: 1 domain(s)
```



```
got line: Using config file "/tmp/trampd-cfg.sYrU2R".
got line: Started domain tramp-6 (id=199)
vm-pool: enqueued domain 199
Client 192.168.1.171:4098 accepted...
vm-pool: dequeued domain 196
Initiating state transfer with domain 196
vm-pool: creating new domain: name=tramp-7, ip=192.168.1.206
% xm create -p /tmp/trampd-cfg.5Fq0Q1
Waiting for domain 196 to become ready for state transfer
Copying state (3365 bytes) to domain 196...
Copying done.
Client 192.168.1.171:4098 done.
got line: main tool
got line: Using config file "/tmp/trampd-cfg.5Fq0Q1".
got line: Started domain tramp-7 (id=200)
vm-pool: enqueued domain 200
```



```
got line: Started domain tramp-4 (id=134)
vm-pool: enqueued domain 134
Client 127.0.0.1:38129 accepted...
vm-pool: dequeued domain 131
Initiating state transfer with domain 131
vm-pool: creating new domain: name=tramp-5, ip=192.168.1.204
% xm create -p /tmp/trampd-cfg.II4glR
Waiting for domain 131 to become ready for state transfer
Copying state (3298 bytes) to domain 131...
Copying done.
Client 127.0.0.1:38129 done.
got line: main tool
got line: Using config file "/tmp/trampd-cfg.II4glR".
got line: Started domain tramp-5 (id=135)
vm-pool: enqueued domain 135
Client 192.168.1.171:4097 accepted...
vm-pool: dequeued domain 132
Initiating state transfer with domain 132
vm-pool: creating new domain: name=tramp-6, ip=192.168.1.205
% xm create -p /tmp/trampd-cfg.MFJug0
Waiting for domain 132 to become ready for state transfer
Copying state (3440 bytes) to domain 132...
Copying done.
Client 192.168.1.171:4097 done.
got line: main tool
got line: Using config file "/tmp/trampd-cfg.MFJug0".
got line: Started domain tramp-6 (id=136)
vm-pool: enqueued domain 136
```



```
big-iron1$ ./tools/tramp-inject -i 192.168.1.171 --gw 192.168.1.1 --netmask 255.255.255.0 scheme-apps/demo.scm scheme-apps/config/demo/ve
hicle-01.scm
big-iron1$ ./tools/tramp-inject -i 192.168.1.171 --gw 192.168.1.1 --netmask 255.255.255.0 scheme-apps/demo.scm scheme-apps/config/demo/ve
hicle-02.scm
big-iron1$
```



```
big-iron3$ ./tools/tramp-inject -i 192.168.1.173 --gw 192.168.1.1 --netmask 255.255.255.0 scheme-apps/demo.scm scheme-apps/config/demo/ve
hicle-03.scm
big-iron3$
```



udp://:12345 - VLC media player



udp://:12346 - VLC media player

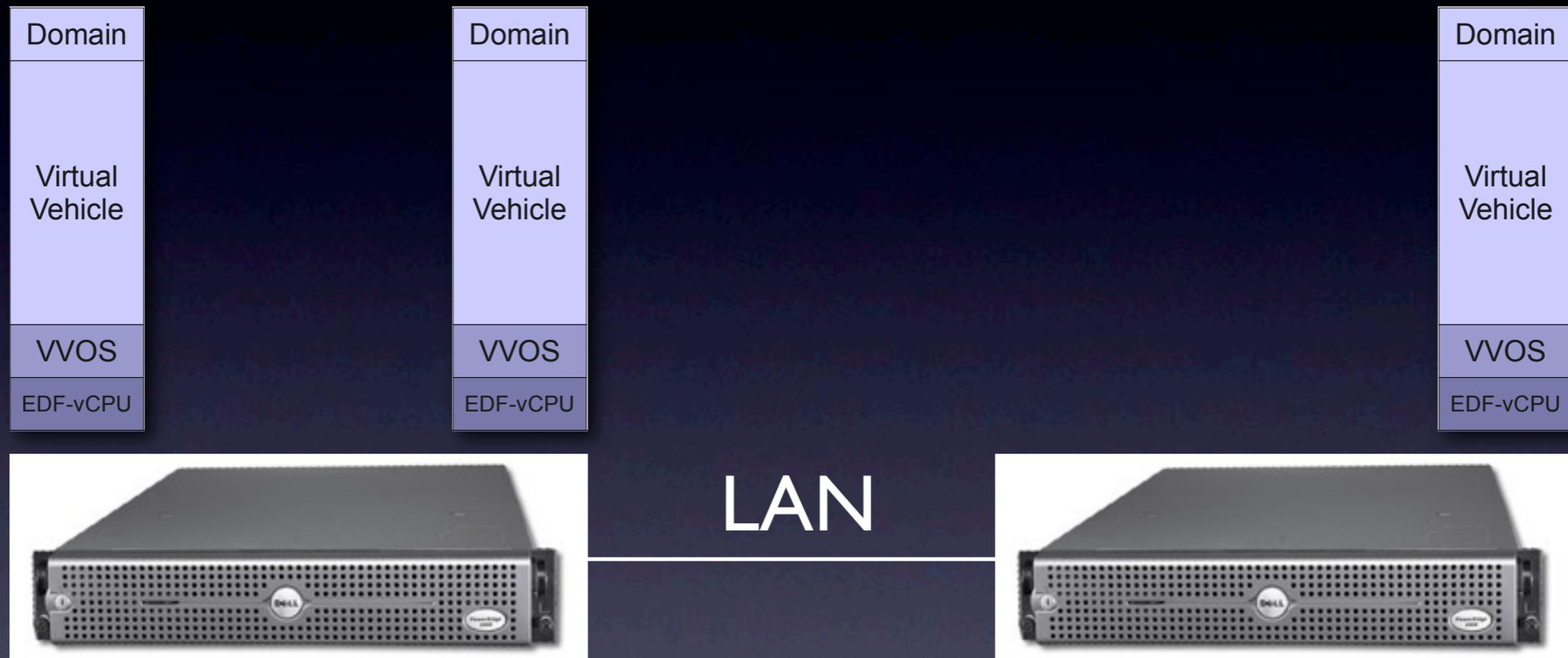
Migrating from machine 2 to 1



udp://:12347 - VLC media player

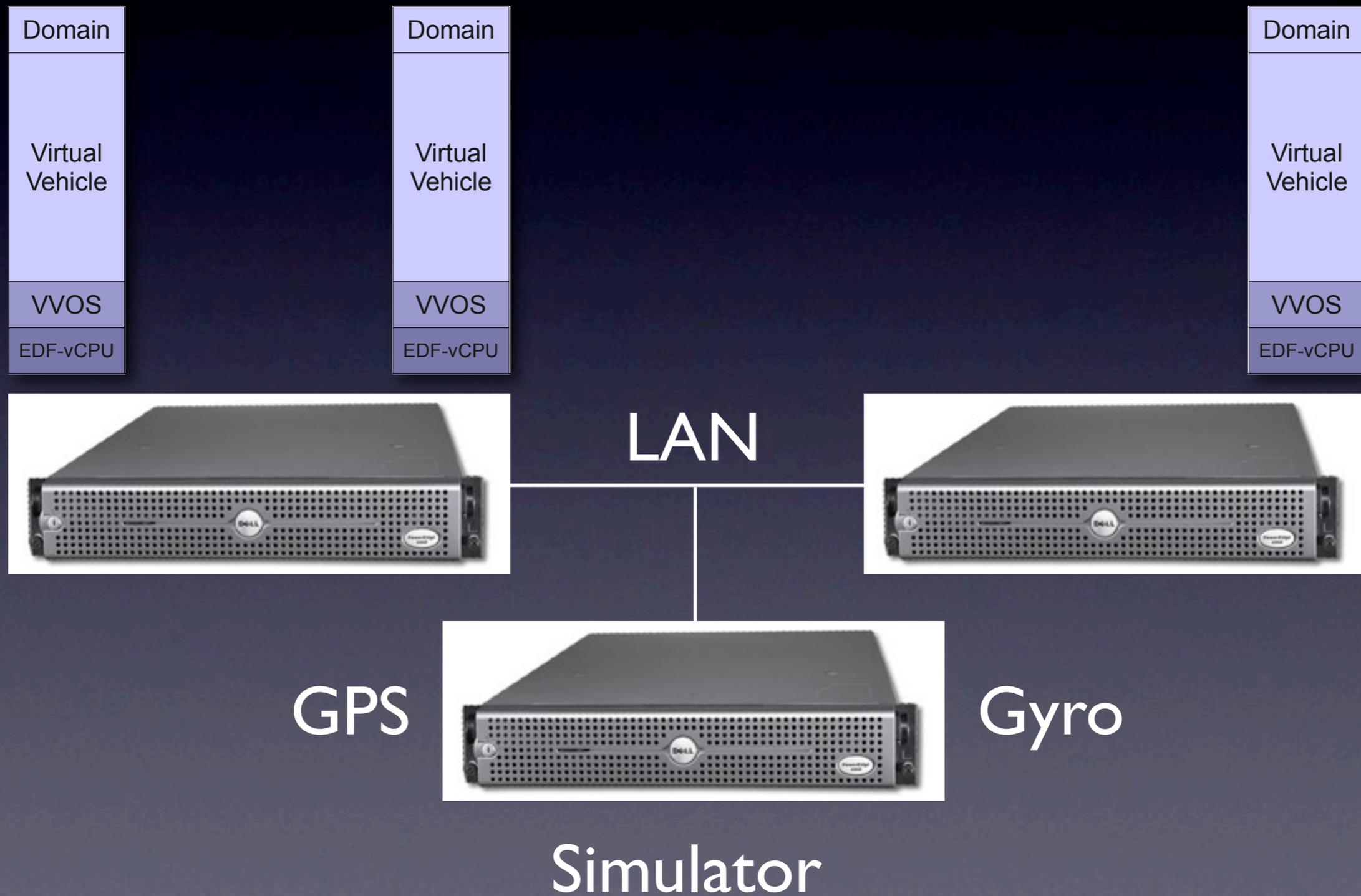
# Future Work

(Simulating Motion, Flying Real Vehicles)



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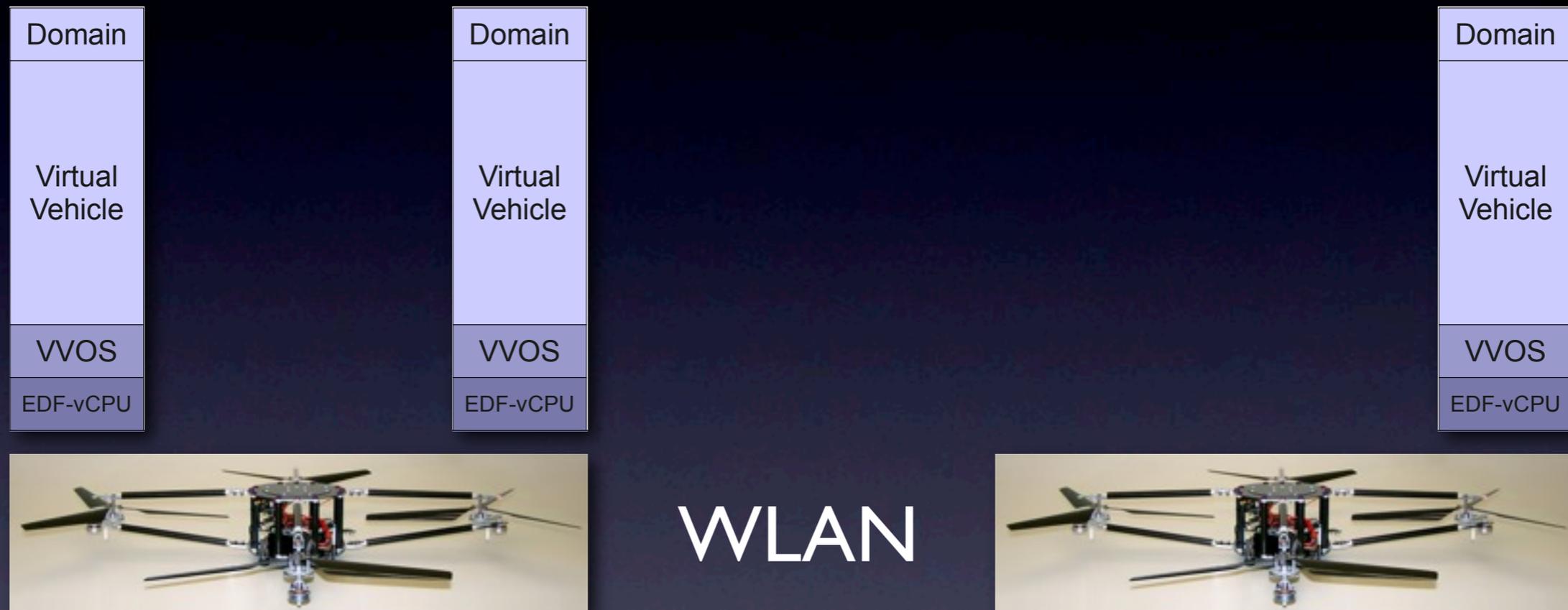


WLAN



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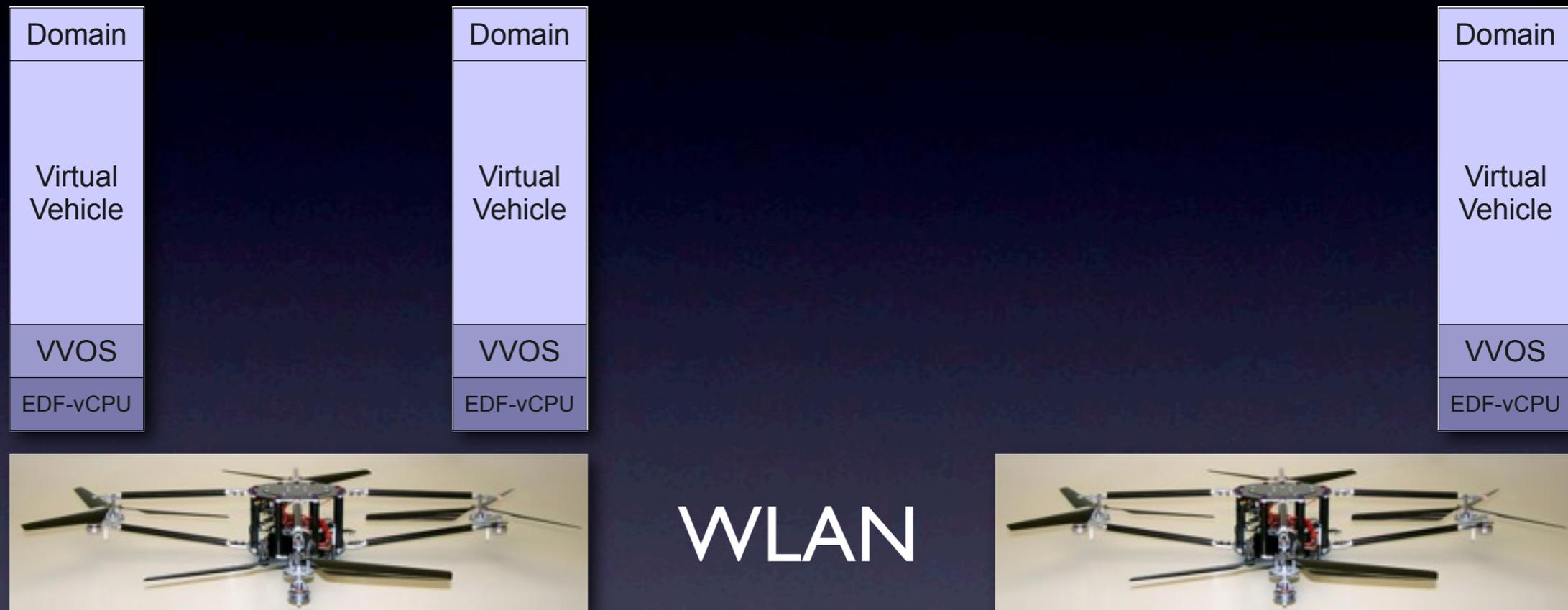
(Simulating Motion, Flying Real Vehicles)



- **read-only**, scheduled real vehicle flight plans:

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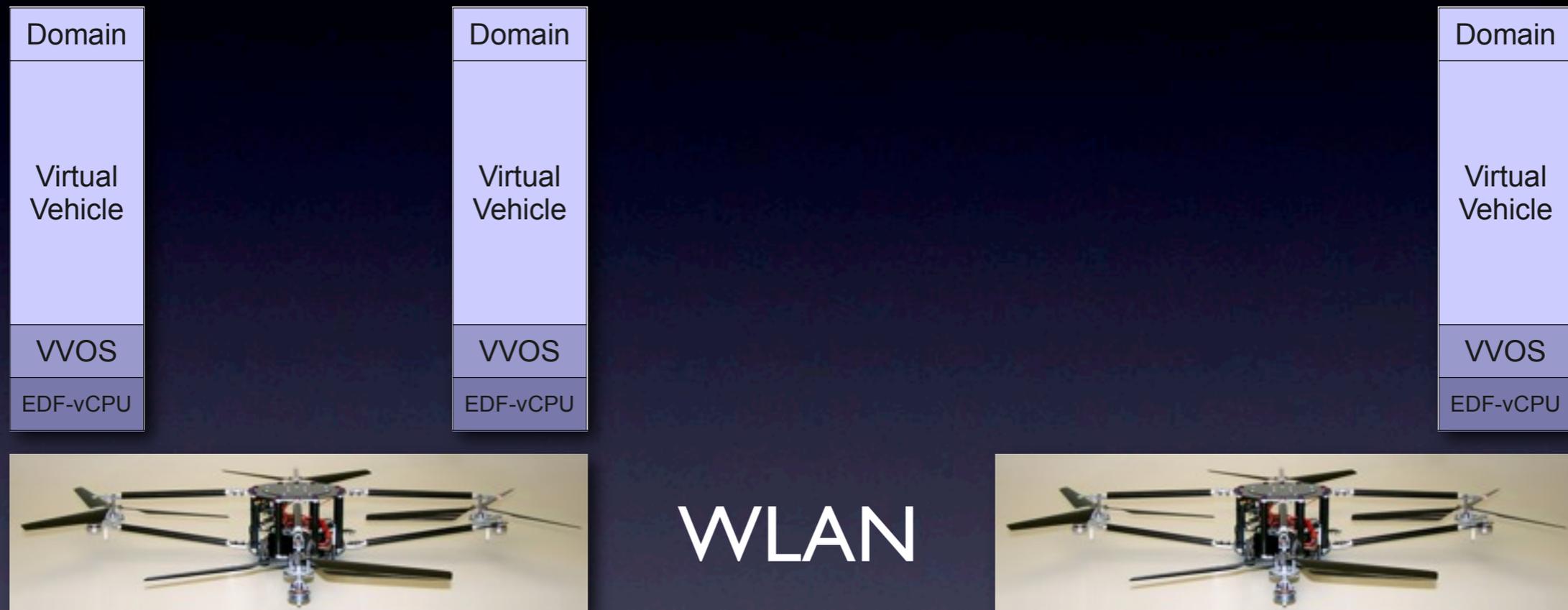
(Simulating Motion, Flying Real Vehicles)



- **read-only**, scheduled real vehicle flight plans:
  - ▶ **virtual-to-real** vehicle allocation problem

# Future Work

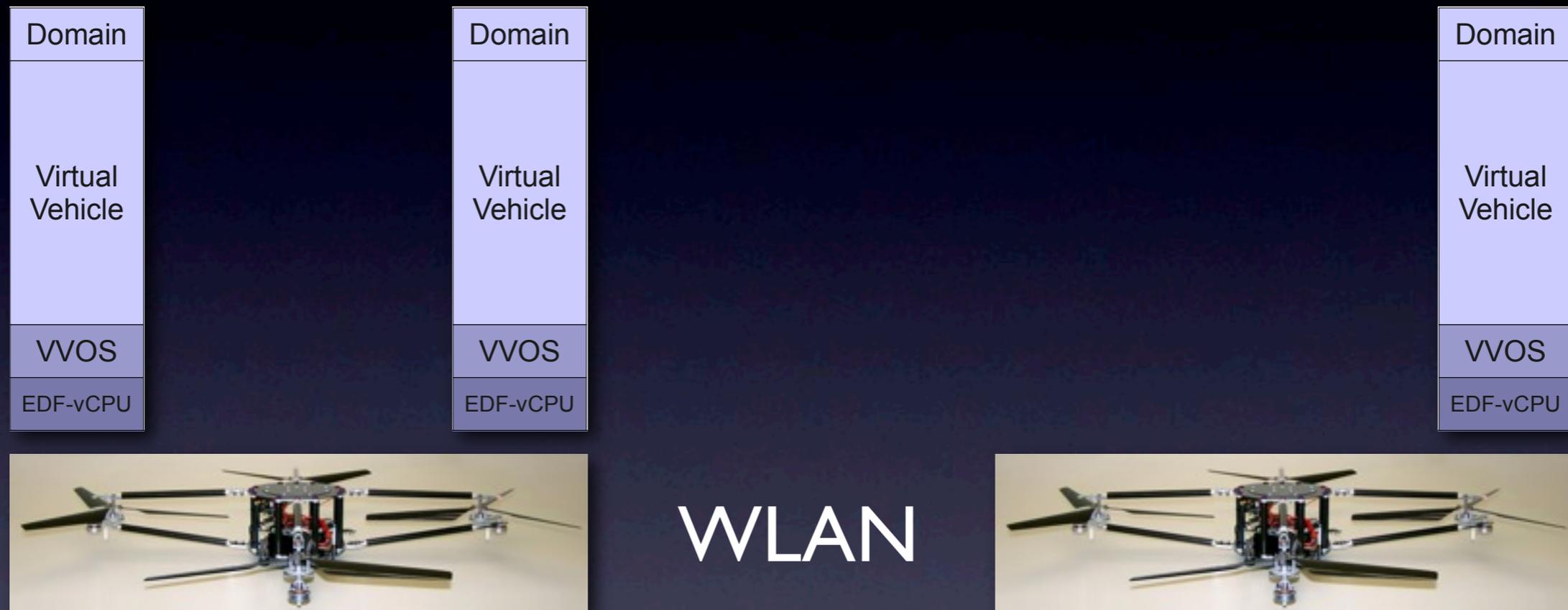
(Simulating Motion, Flying Real Vehicles)



- **read-only**, scheduled real vehicle flight plans:
  - ▶ **virtual-to-real** vehicle allocation problem
- **read-write**, on demand real vehicle flight plans:

# Future Work

(Simulating Motion, Flying Real Vehicles)



- **read-only**, scheduled real vehicle flight plans:
  - ▶ **virtual-to-real** vehicle allocation problem
- **read-write**, on demand real vehicle flight plans:
  - ▶ **real-to-virtual** vehicle allocation problem



Thank you

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[eurosys2011.cs.uni-salzburg.at](http://eurosys2011.cs.uni-salzburg.at)